

THE HARTFORD HERALD.

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"I Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

12d YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1916.

NO. 41

TERROR SPREAD BY SUBMARINES

Which Operate Close To Our Shores.

NUMBER OF SHIPS SENT DOWN

By German U-Boats—International War Laws Complied With, It Is Alleged.

NO LIVES REPORTED AS LOST

Boston, Mass., Oct. 9.—The submarine arm of the imperial German navy ravaged shipping about 30 miles off the eastern coast of the United States yesterday.

Submarine activities began at daylight Sunday, three miles east of Nantucket Lightship, when the American steamer *Stephano* was sighted and signaled to stop. When the submarine commander was satisfied that she was an American vessel he allowed her to proceed.

The submarine then moved in close to the lightship where at 6 o'clock a. m., she stopped the British steamer *Strathdene*, bound from New York for Bordeaux. After the crew had obeyed orders to take to the ship's boats the submarine sent a torpedo into the *Strathdene* and sank her. The raider patrolling the vicinity of the trans-atlantic steamship lane moved considerably to the southward. At 10:45 o'clock she haled the British steamer *West Point*, London for Newport News, with a warning shot. This was at a point ten miles south of the lightship. The crew took to the boats and the submarine torpedoed and sank the steamer. No other vessel was encountered until late in the afternoon.

At 4:30 o'clock six miles southeast of the lightship, the German stopped the *Stephano*. Passengers and crew were taken off in the ship's boats and the undersea boat shot a torpedo into the liner. As this did not appear to disable the staunch steel vessel it was supplemented by gun fire. The submarine moved off without waiting for the *Stephano* to sink and she remained afloat until 10:05 o'clock last night.

Near sunset the British steamer *Kingston* came within view of the lookout on the submersible. The same procedure was followed as with the other vessels and at 6 o'clock the *Kingston* went down a short distance southeast of the lightship.

The bright moonlight gave the submarine a good chance to continue operations in the evening. She moved a little to the westward and soon after dark stopped the Dutch tramp steamer *Bloomsdijk*, bound from New York for Rotterdam, three miles south of the lightship. Supposedly on the theory that she was carrying contraband, the steamer was sunk after the crew had entered small boats. The submarine left her still afloat, but she went down at 8:05 o'clock.

A little later the Norwegian steamer *Christian Knudsen*, New York for London, was similarly halted and sent to the bottom. Three other steamers were reported sunk early to-day. The Kansan meanwhile had sent broadcast radiograms telling of the submarine's appearance in the vicinity of the lightship. The *West Point* also was able to flash off brief messages, giving word of her plight before she was abandoned by her crew. These dispatches were picked up at Newport and a fleet of United States torpedo destroyers was immediately ordered out to pick up the crews.

Throughout the day and night the destroyers cruised in the waters for several miles around the Nantucket Lightship, receiving word from time to time of the sinking of additional vessels. They located the survivors of all the vessels known to have been destroyed except the *Kingston* and took them aboard. The crew of the *Strathdene* previously had been given shelter on the lightship. The steamer *Kingston* is not mentioned in maritime records and her destination was not known early to-day.

Within the Law.

Washington, Oct. 9.—State Department officials have come to the conclusion that so far none of Germany's promises to the United States

and none of the rules of international law have been broken in the submarine raid off the New England coast. No official announcement of this view was made, but it is known to have been reached after review of such reports as are available.

Asbury Park, N. J., Oct. 9.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels, in a preliminary report to President Wilson to-day, said that advice so far received indicated that all the rules of international warfare had been compiled with by the German submarines operating off the New England coast.

Baby Abandoned at Theater.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 7.—A 4-months-old baby, in a carriage, was left in the lobby of the Kentucky Theater here last night after the performance, and was found by the door-keeper. Inquiries failed to elicit any information as to the child's parents or how it got there, and the baby is being cared for by the theater employes. The police were sure it was a case of abandonment.

EDISON AND FORD SEEK MEANS TO HELP WILSON

Both Republicans, Who Say Fate Of America Is In Trust-worthy Hands.

New York, Oct. 7.—Thomas A. Edison and Henry Ford, arm in arm, walked into the office of Chairman Vance C. McCormick at Democratic national headquarters to-day. They wanted to find out how they could best direct their efforts to insure Wilson's re-election. Mr. McCormick had invited them to do so, and they took him at his word. The two went to luncheon with the chairman and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, and conferred, particularly with regard to methods of reaching the independent voters of the country.

"Give the people the facts," declared Mr. Edison, "and it will be a Wilson landslide. No President ever faced such problems, no President ever made such a record of achievements. It is not alone that Woodrow Wilson has statesmanship; he has leadership, too. I have always been a Republican, but I put my country above party. In a world crisis, with the fate of America in the balance, I would take shame to myself if I did not put myself behind a man who has given us peace with honor, prosperity with justice and preparedness without militarism."

Mr. Ford was no less emphatic. "Like Mr. Edison," he said, "I am a Republican. But I cannot stay with a party that puts office-seeking first and America last. President Wilson has saved the United States from the horrors and desolation of international war. He has saved us from industrial wreck. His domestic policies have given new strength to legitimate enterprise, protected the worker, emancipated the children and destroyed evils that were snapping the courage of America. He is a great President. More than that, he is the greatest American."

"Never were issues so plain. Woodrow Wilson stands for America, for an undivided allegiance, for equal justice and for the welfare of the many. Against him are all the forces of rapacity, special privilege, eager to get back their loaded dice, the exploiters of children and greedy concessionaires. It is their willions against Americanism."

Found Guilty Of Murder.

Carlisle, Ky., Oct. 9.—Guy Linville, of Carlisle, charged with shooting and killing his wife, Mrs. Mollie Linville, in this city, last winter, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury in the Nicholas Circuit Court and his punishment fixed at confinement in the penitentiary for not less than six nor more than twelve years. The jury was out four hours before a verdict was reached. Linville's defense was that he was not in his right mind when the shooting took place. He shot himself with suicidal intent and has not yet fully recovered.

Democrats all over the State are showing more enthusiasm this year than in any previous campaign, according to reports brought to Democratic headquarters by speakers who have been campaigning in all sections of the State.

A HAPPY HOUSE PARTY THE SCENE OF KILLING

Mans Gibson Cuts Arthur Hayden's Throat—The Slayer Claims Self-Defense.

Calhoun, Ky., Oct. 8.—A house party attended by 100 of McLean county's leading citizens ended abruptly last night when two of the guests, Mans Gibson and Arthur Hayden, became involved in a fight, which resulted in Hayden's death.

While most of the guests were assembled in the home of Hayden's cousin, Claude Whittaker, Gibson and Hayden were in a group of men on the front porch. Gibson accused Hayden of using profane language within hearing of the women. An argument led to a quarrel. The men struggled from the porch and into the yard.

A moment later Gibson entered the house and declared he had cut Hayden. He carried a small pocket knife in his hand and pointed it at a bruise on his forehead, inflicted, he said, by brass knuckles used by Hayden. Guests rushed to the yard. Hayden was dead. His jugular vein was severed.

Gibson went to a telephone and notified Sheriff W. A. Shackleford of his act, and a short time later was arrested and brought here and held in jail on a charge of murder. His plea is self-defense.

Whittaker's home is about three miles north of Calhoun. Both Gibson and Hayden were among the best known of the young farmers of McLean county. They were good friends. Their farms are located within a short distance of each other and the two men went to Whittaker's party together. Witnesses said both men had been drinking.

Hayden was 23 years old. Following the fight his body was taken into the house and a Coroner's inquest was held at once. The verdict was that he had come to his death by a knife wound inflicted by Gibson, but the jury was non-committal as to the responsibility for the trouble.

Gibson is 20 years old. He would not discuss the trouble to-day further than to say that Hayden had struck him a severe blow with the brass knuckles and that he acted in self-defense. Few incidents in recent years have aroused such excitement.

HUGE SUM IS PAID TO SETTLE A DIVORCE SUIT

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 7.—Under an agreement between counsel for Mrs. Alice Bridgeford Carrier and Robert M. Carrier, millionaire lumberman, the divorce action begun by Mrs. Carrier July 7 will be settled by the payment to Mrs. Carrier of approximately \$270,000.

Provisions also have been made for the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Carrier, the agreement calling for a trust fund of \$40,000, the income from which is to be applied by the mother for the education of the son and for his expenses until he becomes of age. Mrs. Carrier is to be the trustee of the fund and is to inherit the fund in the event the son dies before arriving at his majority.

Following the acceptance to-day of the agreement by all of the parties in interest the highly sensational divorce action will be withdrawn and Mrs. Carrier will file another suit charging only abandonment, which will not be contested.

MINE MANAGER HELD FOR RANSOM MAKES ESCAPE

Oak Creek, Col., Oct. 7.—Kidnapped Wednesday night by a band of Greeks, and held for \$15,000 ransom, Robert Perry, manager of the Moffett coal mines, at Oak Creek, early today shot one of his captors and escaped. The kidnappers broke into Perry's quarters Wednesday night and carried him off to a lonely cabin, twenty miles into the hills. While one of the Greeks was preparing a meal Perry worked his hands from the rope with which they were tied, snatched a pistol from the holster of another who was guarding him, shot him and ran. He telephoned from a ranch house the news of his escape. His father last night received a letter saying his son would be killed unless the \$15,000 ransom was paid.

Some people would rather be right than be happy.

ABUNDANT EVIDENCE OF REAL PROSPERITY

Is Shown By Postal Savings Receipts In Kentucky and Indiana.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The prosperity of the people of Kentucky and Southern Indiana is indicated in postal savings receipts for recent fiscal years, as compared by the postal savings bureau of the Post-office Department, a significant feature being that during the past four years these deposits increased in practically every instance.

Among Kentucky cities for which figures as submitted for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1913, 1914, 1915 and 1916, respectively, deposits are noted as follows:

Louisville, \$177,779, \$217,760, \$249,086, \$271,237; Lexington, \$2,071, \$5,874, \$7,404, \$8,464; Frankfort, \$2,210, \$2,974, \$3,037, \$3,252; Paducah, \$2,565, \$4,838, \$5,977, \$6,926.

Southern Indiana, Jeffersonville, \$4,432, \$7,362, \$11,024, \$10,339; New Albany, \$27,507, \$31,517, \$39,001, \$29,283; Evansville, \$24,737, \$21,541, \$20,309, \$17,243.

The avidity with which the thrifty people of the West and Northwest avail themselves of the postal savings system of the Government is indicated by the fact that Butte, Mont., a town of about 42,000 population, deposited for the year ending with June 30, 1916, \$967,232, as against the deposits for the same year at Baltimore, a city of around 600,000 population, of but \$164,088.

Again, Ironwood, Mich., a city of about 12,000 population, deposited for 1916 \$261,000, and Bisbee, Ariz., a city of around 10,000 population, \$228,000. Leadville, Colo., a city of 8,000 population, deposited \$270,010.

NEW COAL COMPANY IS NOW BEING ORGANIZED

Whitesburg, Ky., Oct. 9.—The Detroit-Kentucky Coal Company is being organized at Robinson Creek east of here on the Shelby Creek branch of the Baltimore & Ohio road, with \$60,000 capital, for the development of a large coal land tract near Yeager. A first-class coal plant will spring up and several hundred men will be given work. The vein is seven feet thick and is known as the Elkhorn vein No. 3.

Coal operators in the Elkhorn and Boone's Fork fields, in this county, report considerable improvement in the coal situation. As a result there is more activity in the mines. A large number of new miners are being added to the field, two or three hundred within the past few days.

KANSAS DELEGATE POLL SHOWS WILSON STRONG

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 7.—An indication of the sentiment now sweeping the Western States for the re-election of President Wilson is shown in a poll made at The Seelbach to-day of twenty-six men from Kansas who are in Louisville attending a convention. Twenty of the twenty-six are Republicans, never having voted anything but the Republican ticket, yet twenty-two of the total number said to-day they were for President Wilson and will vote for him in November. It was conceded by a majority that although Kansas is strongly Republican, President Wilson has an excellent chance of carrying the State this year.

Died Sitting In Chair.

Vincennes, Ind., Oct. 9.—The lifeless body of Mrs. Josie McKinney, 45 years old, was discovered at her home here. She had been dead five days. She had been seated in a chair looking out of a window. Mrs. W. F. Chapman Dead. The *Herald* (Ill.) Journal of October 6 says:

Mrs. Maude Chapman, wife of W. F. Chapman, Justice of the Peace of this city, succumbed to an operation for appendicitis at the Baker-Gardner hospital, passing away Wednesday, October 4, 1916. Mrs. Chapman was born at Paradise, Ky., January 29, 1864, and was 52 years, 8 months and 5 days old at the time of death. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman were married at Paradise, Ky., September 22, 1887. Five children came to bless this union, four of whom survive, namely, Carroll, Henry, Paul

and Everett, all of this city, and all living at home. The family moved from Kentucky to Herrin in the fall of 1907, where they have made scores of friends who deeply deplore the demise of this worthy woman and sympathize most sincerely with the family in their great bereavement.

ODDS AGAINST WILSON DROP ON HUGHES' VISIT

Pittsburg, Oct. 7.—Odds that Hughes will be elected receded to-day to 7 to 5 as against the 2 to 1 against Wilson offered before the Republican candidate visited Pittsburgh last week.

The betting commissioner who quoted the 7 to 5 said that unless Hughes' money soon puts in an appearance the odds will drop to even or to odds on President Wilson. He has had \$6,000 Wilson money for two weeks, with no takers at 2 to 1. The commissioner says the Republicans haven't "peeped" in a betting way since Hughes' visit.

DESTROY \$3,000 WORTH OF FISHERMEN'S NETS

Five Deputy Game Wardens Raid

Green River—A Week Of Adventure.

The Courier-Journal of Sunday says:

About \$3,000 worth of fish nets and seines were destroyed by five deputies from the office of the Kentucky Fish and Game Warden, at Frankfort, Ky., during a raid which

covered more than 200 miles on the shores of Green river during the past week. The raid ended yesterday morning at the mouth of Green river, about nine miles from Evansville, Ind.

Five men, J. H. Pittman, of

Greenville, Ky.; M. M. Rudolph, Sturgis, Ky.; Dr. Leslie Richey, Glasgow, Ky.; C. L. Wedding, Duncadee, Ky., and Wade F. Richardson, Louisville, all deputy game wardens, gathered at Mammoth Cave last Tuesday morning, where they prepared for the start. They had a motorboat, The Gypsy. Early Tuesday they set out in the boat for their trip up Green river.

Covering both sides of the shore the men searched for nets and seines. Upon finding these articles the deputies drove the boat to the shore and built fires with them. Most of their work in destroying the nets and seines was carried on at night and several times the deputies had thrilling experiences.

Once during a raid on a fishing camp in which there were several hundred dollars' worth of the fishing tackle, the deputies said they had to draw guns to get to their boat. At Spottsville, a village near the mouth of Green river, word had been sent before them to fishermen, and the deputies missed destroying a large number of seines and nets. During the raid they estimated that about 200 nets and seines were burned.

On Pond river, a branch of Green river, near Calhoun, Ky., more than a freight carload of nets were destroyed. The deputies will continue with their work of destroying nets, and next week it is understood, will search the Ohio river. All streams and rivers throughout the State will be searched, the deputies said.

Wholesale violations of the game and fish law resulted in the raid. The law provides that fishing with nets or seines is contrary to the statute, and fishing can be done only with hooks and lines or with apparatus with hooks attached.

Two years ago the deputies, in a raid covering hundreds of miles, burned more than 800 nets or seines.

To Aid Tobacco Farmers.

Prof. F. J. Walz, Louisville, Ky., Director of the Kentucky State Weather Service and United States Weather Forecaster at Louisville announced the other day the Government is preparing to establish a special weather service for the tobacco farmers of Kentucky.

A feature of the service will be the issuance of frost and flood warnings to tobacco growers. Prof. Walz says it will be the aim of the department to give warnings at least 24 hours in advance in order that the growers may protect their growing crops.

Superior, Wis., Oct. 9.—J. F. Kerwin is suing a shoe merchant here for \$10,000. He says he bought a pair of shoes with the understanding that they had full sewed soles, but it turned out they were nailed. His foot was scratched and infection set in. The case has already been in the Supreme Court on demurrer and sent back for retrial.

A HURRIED VISIT OF OCEAN WASP

A German U-Boat Comes and Goes Quickly.

AMAZEMENT OVER THE AFFAIR

Spent Three Hours Here, After Nosing Past U. S. Fleet and Enemy Patrol.

ACTED RATHER INDEPENDENT

HISTORY OF THE MEXICAN MATTER

Going Back Into Republican Policy.

HOW TAFT MET THE TROUBLE

Very Much Like Wilson Has Inherited From Republican Administrations.

WELL WORTH READING ABOUT

In the minds of Republican politicians and editors there is considerable confusion with respect to modern American-Mexican history. Some of them seem to think that the Mexican problem is the creation of the Democratic administration—that it is a "Wilson problem." The truth is it is America's problem, and it was as much a Taft problem as it has been a Wilson problem, and in the event of Mr. Hughes' election it would be a Hughes problem. It is very likely that as Mr. Wilson handled the problem much as Mr. Taft did, Mr. Hughes' method of handling it would not differ materially from that of Mr. Wilson.

Let us take a glance at the records—Mr. Taft's speech—February 22, March 1, 1909. Within twenty months after Mr. Taft's inauguration, trouble in serious form broke out in Mexico, and during all of the balance of his administration, this trouble continued.

On November 8, 1910, there was rioting in Mexico City. The American flag was destroyed, the windows of American residences and business houses were broken. A street car containing American school children was stoned and the son of the United States Ambassador was assaulted. These disturbances continued during November 9th.

On November 10th there was rioting in Guadalajara. The American flag was burned and windows of American banks and stores were broken. These disturbances continued for two or three days.

On November 10, 1910, there was rioting at various points in Mexico. American consulates were wrecked and the records of the consulates were destroyed.

On November 18, 1910, the Madero revolution broke out and from that date on there was general disorder in Mexico.

On March 7, 1911, twenty thousand United States regulars were mobilized along the Mexican border.

On April 13, 1911, Mexican forces took Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas, Arizona. In Douglas, Arizona, three Americans were killed and five were wounded.

On April 4, 1911, Mexicans again attacked Agua Prieta, half the town of Douglas, Arizona, was under fire of Mexican guns. On that occasion seven Americans were wounded. Governor Sloan of Arizona called upon President Taft for the protection of Americans. The President replied declining to take military action.

On October 10 and 11, 1911, Mexican rebels attacked and captured Juarez. One thousand American troops patrolled the American border and in El Paso, Texas, five Americans were killed and seventeen wounded.

On May 12, 1911, Secretary of State Knox sent to Mexico City a note denying that the United States intended to intervene.

On March 29, 1912, rifles were sent to the American legation in Mexico City for the protection of American citizens. American colonists in Northern Mexico flocked across the border, and there was great damage to American property by the Mexican mobs.

On April 14, 1912, the State Department warned Madero and Orozco against further outrages to American lives and property.

That all occurred prior to the Presidential election of 1912.

On December 4, 1912, President Taft, in a message to Congress described his Mexican policy, which was practically the same as Mr. Wilson's has been, and he called it

WHY YOU ARE NERVOUS

The nervous system is the alarm system of the human body.

In perfect health we hardly realize that we have a network of nerves, but when health is ebbing, when strength is declining, the same nervous system gives the alarm in headaches, tiredness, dreary sleep, irritability and unless corrected, leads straight to a breakdown.

To correct nervousness, Scott's Emulsion is exactly what you should take; its rich nutrient gets into the blood and rich blood feeds the tiny nerve-cells while the whole system responds to its refreshing tonic force. It is free from alcohol. Scott & Bowe, Bloomfield, N.J.

the policy of "patient non-intervention."

On February 9, 1913, there was an uprising against the Mexican government in Mexico City. Many days of street fighting followed. Several hundred Mexican civilians were killed, including two American women.

It was in February, during President Taft's administration, that Madero was killed and Huerta demanded recognition; but there was no recognition of Huerta and no intervention under the Taft administration.

On March 15, 1911, a few days more than two years after President Taft was inaugurated and about two years before his term expired, President Taft addressed a letter to the chief of staff, and in that letter he declined to do the very things Republicans are now denouncing President Wilson for not doing.

Following is an extract from President Taft's letter:

"The assumption by the press that I contemplate intervention on Mexican soil to protect American lives or property, is of course gratuitous, because I seriously doubt whether I have such authority. . . . Indeed, as you know, I have already declined, without Mexican consent, to order a troop of cavalry to protect the

breakwater we are constructing just across the border in Mexico at the mouth of the Colorado river to save the Imperial Valley, although the insurgents have scattered the Mexican troops and were taking our horses and supplies and frightening our workmen away."

On April 17, 1911, the Governor of Arizona sent a telegram to the President, reading in part as follows:

"As a result of to-day's fighting across the international line, but within gunshot range of the heart of Douglas, five Americans were wounded on this side of the line. . . . In my judgment radical measures are needed to protect our innocent people. . . . It will be impossible to safeguard the people of Douglas unless the town be vacated."

To this telegram President Taft replied as follows:

"The situation might justify me in ordering our troops across the border. . . . but if I take this step, I must face the possibility of greater resistance and greater bloodshed, and also the danger of having our motives misconstrued and misrepresented, and of thus inflaming Mexican popular indignation. . . . It is impossible to foresee or reckon the consequences of such a course; and we must use the greatest self-restraint to avoid it. I cannot therefore order the troops at Douglas to cross the border, but I must ask you and the local authorities in case the same danger occurs, to direct the people of Douglas to place themselves where bullets cannot reach them, and thus avoid casualty."

The only difference between the Wilson policy and the Taft policy was that Mr. Wilson called it "watchful waiting," while Mr. Taft called it "patient non-intervention." (See Message 1912.)

On November 26, 1910, the Outlook, which became famous by reason of the fact that Theodore Roosevelt was its contributing editor, had an editorial calling attention to "the anti-American demonstrations which have lately taken place in Mexico," in which "great demonstrations were made, mobs broke windows in buildings, occupied by Americans, attacked newspaper offices favorable to Americans and attacked street cars containing Americans."

On March 25, 1911, the Outlook said that "events in Mexico are very confusing" and on April 22, it declared that Mexico presented "a serious state of affairs."

It was on April 29, 1911, that Senator Stone, a Democrat, insisted that President Taft be authorized to employ whatever force might be necessary to restore order in Mexico. Senator Root, now one of President Wilson's most bitter critics, said that threat of force would be to reverse the policy of the United States and take a step backward in the path of civilization. Senator Lodge, Republican, and another bitter critic of the Wilson administration, said that President Taft would not ask for force until our diplomatic methods had failed.

It was on April 29, 1911, during the Taft administration, that the New York American (Hearst's) said "through a haggard and chicken-hearted President, American threats of intervention have become the laughing stock of the insurgents and regulars alike."

It was in February, 1913, during the Taft administration, that the New York American (Hearst's) referring to the Mexican situation, said "One hundred or more of American citizens have been slain" and it asked "Does anyone think that Germany would have endured this outrage for a day? Does any man believe that English warships would not already be bombarding Vera

Cruz for a similar outrage upon English citizens?"

The Mexican situation under the Taft administration was so serious that in its issue of September 21, 1912, the Baton Rouge, La., Times said: "The American flag is only a rag in Mexico." El Paso, Texas, and other border papers expressed similar sentiments.

All of which goes to show that the Mexican problem is an American problem rather than a Democratic problem and that it was as much a problem under Taft as it is under Wilson, and would be as much a problem under Hughes as under Wilson or Taft.

OPEN LETTER TO HUGHES.

Dear Mr. Hughes:
You'll please excuse
My dullness if I seem obtuse,
Or fall to properly enthuse,
When you break loose.

The papers give me all the news
And more advice than I can use;
But when I try to get your views
On public questions, then I lose
My patience, and I sigh and muse:
"Oh, what's the use!"

I give the devil all his dues:
I rather liked you, Mr. Hughes,
When you were judge. But when
you choose
To be a knocker and abuse
Our President, I must refuse
To read your "ooze."

The Democrats you still accuse;
Your lamentations I perceive—
These may alarm—they can't amuse.
And thinking men—they won't con-
fuse;
But altogether, Brother Hughes,
You're too profuse.

One final word before adieu:
If you would stand in Wilson's shoes
You'll have to try some other ruse—
For, by the gods, you're going to
lose!

The Republican party will yet its
dues;
You're up against it, Mr. Hughes.
LUTHER H. RICE
Columbia, Mo., Sept. 1916.

THREE MARRIAGES OCCUR AND NO CHANGE OF NAME

Columbus, Ind., Oct. 6.—John W. Wagner and Mrs. Elizabeth Wagner were married here. The maiden name of the bride's mother was Wagner, the mother married a Wagner, the daughter's first husband's name was Wagner, and thus the mother was married once and the daughter twice without the change of any names.

No Need To Be Idle.

The Boston Journal has been watching the newspaper advertisements and has come to the conclusion that there are 10,000 jobs offered daily and only 2,000 persons advertise for jobs. It also says that there is a shortage of labor, both skilled and unskilled, while there are numerous clerks and people of similar occupations out of work.

However, the supply of clerks, &c., would be still greater if it were not for the fact that many such are now employed as unskilled laborers. In Berkshire they are found doing road work even, and many more people of this class would take up manual labor now if they were physically able to stand the strain. The able-bodied men need not be idle these days. —Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.

Sloan's Liniment For Neuralgia Aches.

The dull throb of neuralgia is quickly relieved by Sloan's Liniment, the universal remedy for pain. Easy to apply; it quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes the sore muscles. Cleaner and more promptly effective than messy plasters or ointment; does not stain the skin or clog the pores. For stiff muscles, chronic rheumatism, gout, lumbago, sprains and strains, it gives quick relief. Sloan's Liniment reduces the pain and inflammation in insect bites, bruises, bumps and other minor injuries to children. Get a bottle today at your druggist, 25c.

Advertisement.

Resourceful Hulda.

Hulda's mistress often boasts of her readiness of resource.

"She's the best nurse, maid in the world," is the enthusiastic commendation from her employer. "One day I returned from a motor trip through the park to be met with the startling news that the baby had swallowed a button."

"And what did you do, Hulda?" I asked, in some anxiety, although trusting that it had been the right thing.

"Why," said Hulda, "I made him swallow a buttonhole right away!"

Baddy Wounded.

He was a veteran of long and honorable record. He was shot four times under the starry banner. —Wakefield (W. Va.) Recorder.

Tanlac, The Great New Medicine, Sweeps Over Nations. Merit Wins And Multitudes Give It Praise

"Made Me Younger"—"Put Me Back on The Payroll"—"Gave Me New Life"—In The Thousands of Endorsements Given Master Medicine.

This is Tanlac Week.

More than seven million five hundred thousand bottles of Tanlac have been sold in the United States in the two years since the first bottle was sold.

That fact alone is sufficient explanation why Tanlac Week should now be celebrated in cities throughout the United States. The tremendous and unprecedented success of Tanlac could not have been achieved without true merit. The 8,000 druggists who are giving Tanlac their renewed endorsements by special displays this week know that they have behind them the unqualified endorsement of Tanlac by millions of satisfied customers.

No other medicine has ever had the same success that Tanlac has won as a tonic, appetizer, invigorant and revitalizer. Its fame was instantaneous and it spread through the country until today it is known everywhere as The Master Medicine.

True Worth Explains Success

Tanlac's success is easily explained—true worth. The tens of thousands of men and women who have endorsed it praise it because they are grateful for the relief Tanlac has given them.

To suffer from sleeplessness, indigestion, nervousness, rheumatism, belching and bloating from gas, dizziness and biliousness, kidney and liver troubles, pains in the stomach, the back and the head for years, and then to get relief through a tonic that is pleasant to take, gentle and gradual in its results, renewing the appetite, aiding assimilation, and restoring health, vigor, ambition and strength, is enough to make people grateful.

Tens of thousands of people have said that Tanlac is the Master Medicine. Tanlac Week therefore means something to them.

Endorsements Are Remarkable

Some of the endorsements of Tanlac are remarkable. They show that taking Tanlac was a profitable investment for sick, weak, nervous, run-down men and women—profitable in more than one way. Some of the praise of Tanlac is in phrases that are written over and over.

"I feel like a new man"—"Tanlac has put me back on the payroll"—"I never lay off from my work since I took Tanlac"—"I do twice as much work as I used to"—"Tanlac has made me feel twenty years younger"—"I wake up in the morning feeling fine now."

Many women have written, "I have my natural color back since I took Tanlac"—"I feel like a girl again"—"My neighbors ask me what I have done to look so young and my answer is Tanlac"—"I feel like a different woman; my housework is a pleasure since I took Tanlac."

Those are some of the expressions which tens of thousands of men and women have used, in statements praising Tanlac.

Tanlac Meets a Need

Prepared from a secret formula, purely vegetable and absolutely free from mineral taint, Tanlac has met the need of a great reconstructive tonic to feed while it heals sick, sore stomachs; to promote digestion, aid assimilation, induce healthy and normal function of the digestive apparatus, and to build up health and strength in a natural way.

Throughout the vast world Nature has placed remedies for the healing of the nations. In Tanlac the best of them are merged for a sensible, reliable remedy. In Tanlac nature offers the great natural remedy for the everyday ills from which millions of men and women suffer.

The ingredients or medicinal elements which make Tanlac come from far separated sections of the globe. It is as though Nature, planting her gardens in every zone of the vast world, permitted man to select the best for compounding into a great remedy. Man has spared no expense or labor to get these best ingredients.

Now a Household Remedy

Roots, herbs and barks best suited to a great tonic are used in the making of Tanlac. They are selected scientifically and blended with care. In order to insure a supply of them for Tanlac, The Cooper Medicine Company bought large amounts of certain ingredients. Ten tons of one ingredient were bought on one order.

Tanlac's success, starting so quickly, is lasting. It has become a household remedy and is in two million homes because it is the great medicine which Nature offers from her best products.

Millions of people know this and Tanlac therefore is praised everywhere as The National Tonic—the upbuilder of health and strength through the stomach, blood and nerves.

You Can Buy Tanlac at These Exclusive Agencies:

Ohio County Drug Co., Hartford, Ky.,

Beaver Dam, Z. Wilbur Mitchell; Cromwell, Wallace & Livermore, J. F. Smith; Island, C. C.; Centertown, L. C. Morton; Porter, Banock, Cook & Co.; A. R. Pollock; Fordsville, J. & Son; McHenry, Williams; Rockport, Harrell Bros.; Nelson, D. Cooper; Olaton, J. B. Coal Co.; Ceralvo, C. R. Fulson; Nelson Creek Coal Co.; Canan.

NOT A SURRENDER TO MERE FORCE

Was Action Of President
and Congress

IN ENACTING EIGHT-HOUR LAW

Had No Controversy With Either
Party—What the Strike
Would Have Done.

MORAL FORCE BEHIND IT ALL

The action of President Wilson
and Congress in enacting the eight-
hour law was no surrender to force.

Messrs. Hughes, Lodge, Roosevelt,
Penrose, Pierpont Morgan and
George W. Perkins may maintain
that the administration surrendered
to force, but that does not prove the
fact.

The President and Congress had
no controversy with either party to
the threatened strike. The contro-
versy was between the managers of
the railroads and the men who ran
the trains.

The effect of the strike would have
been fearful. Everybody realized
this. Telegrams from every part of
the Union poured in on the Presi-
dent and Congressman, praying them
to avert the strike.

The farmers' and the fruit growers' products would have rotted for
lack of transportation. The poor in
cities would have suffered for food,
for coal and other necessities. The
manufacturers of the country, the
whole business fabric would have
collapsed. Universal distress and
permanent loss of tremendous pro-
portions would have resulted.

Such were the conditions the Pres-
ident faced—such the calamity he
bravely and patriotically averted
from the nation. Action, immediate
action was demanded and immediate
action, was demanded and immediate
a beneficence and a blessing to the
country.

The opulent, sinister, special Inter-
ests and persons seeking political
capital may condemn the President,
but the working men and women,
those who would have borne the
brunt of the loss and suffering, will
not.

The controversy was settled right.
Neither party to it would have sub-
mitted to a wrong settlement. The
principle of arbitration, always
maintained by the President, had no
application to the point—that eight
hours' labor constitutes a lawful
day's work—already settled by the
laws of nearly every State and the
laws of the Federal Government in
its relation to its own employees and
those having contracts with it.

The only force exerted was the
moral force of the President's right
position backed by the sense and ap-
proval of the whole people. That
was the only force yielded to, and the
yielding was done by the railroad
magnates, unless yielding to force was done by the seventy Rep-
ublican Congressmen who voted for
the eight-hour law, and the Rep-
ublican Senators who could have
prevented its passage but did not
make any effort to.

The railroads take the position
that the question was not an "eight-
hour day" but "ten hours" pay for
eight hours' work." The "eight-
hour day" never has meant, does not
now mean that a man may leave his
engine, drop his tools, quit work at

What Does Catarrh Mean?

It means inflammation of a
mucous membrane some-
where in the head, throat,
bronchial tubes, stomach, bili-
ary ducts or bowels. It always
means stagnant blood—the
blood that is full of impur-
ities. Left alone, it extends
until it is followed by indigestion,
colds, congestion or fever. It weakens
the system generally and spreads its
operations until systemic catarrh or
an acute illness is the result.

Peruna

Is the nation's reliable remedy for
this condition. It restores appetite,
 aids digestion, checks and removes
inflammation, and thus enables the
membranes, through which we breathe
and through which our food is
absorbed, to do their work properly.
Ninety-four years of success, with thou-
sands of testimonials, have established
it as the home remedy—Ever-Ready-
to-Take. Its record of success
holds a promise for you.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
COLUMBUS, OHIO
You can obtain Peruna in tablet form
for convenience.

the end of eight hours. It has al-
ways means, it means now that when
eight hours' work is done one day's
work ends and another begins.

President Wilson saved the coun-
try from the strike as he has pre-
served the country from war. The
alternative the Republicans argue
for is as worthless and as disastrous
in one case as in the other.

STRUGGLE FOR LIVING TOO GREAT FOR PASTOR

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 6.—John
Wesley Dickens, Baptist preacher,
is dying at a local hospital, having
fired a bullet into his head at the
Y. M. C. A. here. A note he wrote
says the cause of his act was inabil-
ity, on the small salary of a
preacher, to care properly for his
wife and four little children, and ex-
pressed the hope that the sacrifice
of his life might do some good to-
ward elevating conditions under
which the ordinary preachers live.

Rev. Mr. Dickens came to Mem-
phis just a week ago to take charge
of a new church, and in his note
wrote that the struggle of an "over-
worked, underpaid, debt-increasing
mind-distracted, heart-breaking
preacher, as well as husband and
father," was too great for him to
bear.

Mr. Dickens had charge of the
new Baptist congregation which had
been organized at Normal, to serve
the new community growing up
around the West Tennessee Normal
School.

He preached his first sermon last
Sunday in a tent there. He had
been busy during the week organiz-
ing his new congregation and at-
tempting to raise funds for the erec-
tion of the new church building.

He was a graduate of Union Uni-
versity, Jackson, Tenn., and of the
Baptist Theological Seminary of
Louisville, Ky.

AUTOMOBILE PRODUCTS ARE WORTH \$632,831,000

Washington, Oct. 6.—Manufac-
turers of automobiles and automobile
parts showed an increase of 152.9
per cent. in the five years
from 1909 to 1914. Preliminary
statistics of the 1914 manufac-
turing census, announced here by Samuel
L. Rogers, Director of the Census,
show the value of those products in
1914 was \$632,831,000, an increase
of \$383,629,000 over 1909.

Persons engaged in the industry
numbered 145,951, an increase of 71
per cent. over 1909. Capital invested
amounted to \$407,730,000, an
increase of 134.5 per cent. and salaries
and wages paid aggregated
\$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7
per cent.

Materials cost \$356,208,000, an
increase of 170.6 per cent. and value
added by manufacture was \$276,-
623,000.

Constipation Dulcis Your Brain.

That dull, listless, oppressed feel-
ing is due to impurities in your sys-
tem, sluggish liver, clogged intesti-
nes. Dr. King's New Life Pills
give prompt relief. A mild, easy,
non-gripping bowel movement will
tone up your system and help to
clear your muddy, plumply complex-
ion, tiet a bottle of Dr. King's New
Life Pills to-day at your druggist.
25c. A dose to-night will make you
cheerful at breakfast.—Adv.

THE VOICE OF HISTORY —THE PAST AND FUTURE

Lombard, Ill., Sept. 21.
Editor of the Chicago Tribune:—I
have read the Tribune for over thirty
years and long considered it truly
the World's Greatest. I still think
so, but with this amendment,
World's Greatest Knocker. Even
McCUTCHEON's magnificent talent has
cheated at breakfast.—Adv.

THE PAST AND FUTURE

In 1864 Lincoln had his critics.
Who remembers them to-day? Do
you imagine that fifty years from
now posterity will quarrel with the
Wilson method of settling disputes
between the United States and other
nations amicably and keeping Amer-
ica to the forefront as a nation in
moral and material world leadership
instead of asserting belligerence at
every provocative occasion?

I fought for three years under
Grant and I have voted the Repub-
lican ticket all my life, but this fall
I shall be one of countless other
thousands of old party men who will
rally 'round the best guide our old
ship of state has seen since "Father
Abraham." I hope the day will
again come when I may feel justified
in "swearing by" the Tribune in
stead of "swearing at" it, as I do
to-day.

ASA GRAYSON.

Information Desired.
The lecturer had been describing
some of the sights he had seen
abroad.

"There are some spectacles," he
said, "that one never forgets."
"I wish you would tell me where
I can get a pair," exclaimed an old
lady in the audience. "I am always
forgetting mine."

HISTORY AS IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN

Touching Matters Of Na- tional Importance.

MR. HUGHES ASSERTS HIMSELF

On the Momentous Questions Of the Day in a Very Confident Manner.

HE TAKES A DEFINITE STAND

Philadelphia, July 5, 1776.—Charles
E. Hughes made an excoriating
attack on the Declaration of
Independence in a campaign speech
which he delivered here to-night.
Mr. Hughes denounced the action of
the Continental Congress on the
ground that it violated the principle
of arbitration.

"I stand for the principle of
arbitration," he said. "It is a civil-
ized method as opposed to the injuri-
ous contests of force, which impover-
ish labor and imperil the social order.
The essence of the matter is a
fair and reasonable hearing of all
parties concerned and a just determina-
tion according to the facts. It is
no answer to say that the awards
of arbitration are not always just."

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lady in the audience. "I am always
forgetting mine."

larily the Alabama, which had in-
flicted immense damage upon Amer-
ican shipping.

"The President has been weak
and vacillating in his dealings with
Great Britain, France and Mexico,"
declared Mr. Hughes, "and I blush
with shame." "We propose that we
shall enforce American rights on
land and sea," he said, "with respect
to all nations throughout the world
with respect to American lives,
American property and American
commerce. We propose to stand
four-square among the nations of
the earth. We have no unstated
purposes. We are just plain Amer-
icans."

VI.

Washington, Sept. 15, 1872.—Charles
E. Hughes made an excoriating
attack on President Grant and the
Alabama Claims award in a
campaign speech which he delivered
here to-night. Mr. Hughes showed
that the Alabama began its depreda-
tions in 1862 and that ten years had
been allowed to lapse before a settle-
ment was reached. The blame for
this, he said, rested largely upon
President Grant, who had dawdled
and temporized for more than three
years after taking office before fore-
going the claims to an issue. "We
have had brave words," he said, "It
is not words, but strength and reso-
lution behind the words, that count,
I believe in America First and Equal-
ment," he added.

Mr. Hughes' voice is weak, but he
intends to continue the campaign
with unabated vigor.—[New York
World.]

GERMAN PRESS DEFLANT

—NEED STRONG REBUKE

The German press in New York
make no bones in boasting that the
German-American alliance stood
with a solid front against Roose-
velt's candidate for the United States
Senate in New York and that
his defeat is due to their efforts, be-
cause the Colonel dared to show up
their designs. These papers claim
that they have defeated nearly every
Republican for the nomination
who voted for Mr. Wilson's foreign
policies. They are backing Hughes
with all their might and he, fearing
their opposition, is courting their
support by pussyfooting when he
ought to come out boldly against the
disloyalists who put their native
land over that of their adoption. The
Republican party is in open partner-
ship with this unholy alliance and
Mr. Hughes accepts it by his failure
to repudiate it. Vote for the man
who has the courage to say that he
neither fears the German conspira-
tors nor seeks their favor. His elec-
tion will be a victory for America.
That of Hughes would be heralded
and prized by the Kaiser as a victo-
ry for Germany and his theory of
the divine right of kings to rule the
world.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be
pleased to learn that there is at least one
dreaded disease that science has
been unable to conquer. This is
Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only
positive cure now known to the medical
fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional
disease, requires a constitutional treat-
ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is applied
directly upon the blood
and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby
destroying the foundation of the disease,
and giving the patient strength by
building up the constitution and lessening
injury to the body. The proprietors
have much faith in its curative powers
and believe that they offer One Hundred Dollars
for any case that it fails to cure. Send
for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Hooray For Mr. Johnson

Made Pork at Nearly 2c a Pound

By Feeding Liquid Stock Feed

Mr. Hugh L. Johnson, of Lewis-
port, Ky., writes that he produced
pork this summer at nearly 2 cents
per pound by feeding Glenmore
Liquid Stock Feed. Here's his
letter:

I have just completed the fatten-
ing of a bunch of hogs and obtained
the following results with the
use of your Liquid Stock Feed:
I had 65 hogs at the start and 88
hogs at the finish. The feeding
period ran for 26 days, during
which time I fed 100 pounds of corn
per day and 100 pounds of Liquid
Stock Feed. The corn costing \$2.99
and the Liquid Stock Feed \$2.00.
On the entire lot of hogs I showed
a total gain of 2135 pounds, or 2
pounds per day, making that I pro-
duced my pork at exactly \$1.20
per 2c per pound.
Yours very truly,
HUGH L. JOHNSON.

Hartford Herald

HERBERT MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r.

Entered at Hartford, Ky., postoffice
as mail matter of the second class.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—Woodrow Wilson.
For Vice Pres't.—T. R. Marshall.
For Congress—Hon. Ben Johnson.

The spectacle of the wives of New York millionaires going across the country in a luxuriously furnished and specially appointed train, urging the voters to support Hughes, is one which will be taken note of by the common people in a way not calculated to help the cause of the rich ladies. It simply shows just who is supporting Candidate Hughes and the "business" men of Wall Street want to defeat Wilson.

On the second page of The Herald to-day will be found a rather detailed history of the Mexican trouble from a politically impartial standpoint. It relates incidents which have transpired with this trouble-some neighbor of ours in recent years and robes the subject of its political aspect as associated with the administration of President Wilson or his immediate predecessors in office. Read it—for information and not to bias your mind in any way.

It is very evident that there is much money being used by the Republican campaign managers but there is consolation in the fact that there is a class of men—honest, conscientious, hard-thinking men—that money cannot buy. The just-before-election methods of Republican managers have always involved the free use of hoodoo, with which they are supplied by the "powers higher up" in apparently unlimited quantities. It is this sort of thing that Democrats have to fight by putting in harder ticks.

The Clayton Anti-Trust law was passed with the endorsement of President Wilson, who has ever been found opposed to trust methods and trust procedures, which always menace the welfare of the workingman. This law makes it plain that the courts must treat labor as a part of a man's every-day life and not as a commodity, and that he should be given the right of trial by jury instead of being subject to the arbitrary rulings of a judge in injunction cases. Every laboring man should remember this.

Commencing with the number for November, issued the latter part of this month, a new periodical will enter the literary field, to be known as The Kentucky Magazine. Mr. Webster P. Huntington will be its editor and its offices will be at 510 Republic Building, Louisville. It will be primarily a State magazine, exploiting our progress in all material interests, but it will embody the best attainable in literature, science, and all that goes to make up a first-class periodical of its kind. Such a journal will meet a hearty welcome and should be well patronized.

The Republican spellbinders are laying great stress on the assertion that after the war our nation will be greatly in need of a protective tariff. Why is so much emphasis placed on the "after the war" phase of the matter? Why was a Republican protective tariff necessary in the many long years preceding the European war and before the latter was even thought of? To protect the opulent manufacturers, of course! How and why will these barons of wealth need "protection" after the war? It's simply a campaign appeal to the American voter who ought to and does know better.

It is less than a month now until election day. Let these few remaining days be spent by all Democrats in loyal work for their party's ticket. A few good words spoken for the party or its candidates bespeak an evident interest taken and often help when least expected. Every man has his influence for somebody in some way. Let there be ceaseless work for the Democratic party and there will be no interruption of the patriotic program mapped out by the greatest of Presidents who has during one of the most difficult periods of the country's history, steered the ship of State with steady hand and courageous heart.

There has been organized in several counties in the Fourth District a Young Men's Democratic Club. This Club is composed of ten or twelve live, active young men in each precinct in the county. The purpose of the organization is to get the young men in the county interested in the election of President Wilson and Mr. Johnson. It is the intention to have two of these young men stationed at each poll on the day of election with a complete list of the voters of that precinct. They will then be able to see that every Democratic voter in the precinct gets to the polls and votes. Who will volunteer for this important work in Ohio county?

A few days ago President Wilson was in receipt of a telegram from the president of an organization calling itself the American Truth Society of New York, accusing Mr. Wilson of being pro-British and saying he had failed to obtain compliance with American rights. To this the President replied:

"Your telegram received. I would feel deeply mortified to have you or anybody like you vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them."

Candidate Hughes would not have replied in such language for his right hand. He is too anxious for the disloyal American vote to utter a word of protest over such detestable conduct. Vote for the man who is not afraid to speak out.

AN INFAMOUS CIRCULAR

There is being circulated among the negroes of Ohio county—and of course promiscuously throughout the State—circular or 8-page folder, having for its caption "President Wilson and the Negro," which for lying statements and dirty campaign blackmail, equals or surpasses anything of the kind (and there have been quite a number) ever seen here. This folder abounds in so many false statements and groundless charges, that it is issued anonymously, having no signature attached or place of issuance indicated. The author's name is kept hidden. Of course it is really "daddled" by Republican campaign managers, but evidently they were ashamed to acknowledge it as their output. In the main it is a dastardly and cowardly attack upon the personality and public record of President Wilson. Among its many false and groundless paragraphs are the following:

"What the Negroes living in the border States, and even those who live at the north, have most to fear is a Democratic administration directed by a man of southern birth, and one so lauded to southern racial prejudices as Woodrow Wilson. This is not so much a prophecy as it is a concrete fact, proven by years of Democratic reprisals against the constitutional rights of the colored citizens. Placing a ban upon the progress of the Negro race is the ONLY policy to which the Wilson administration has consistently adhered and the only one that has been successful. The President has succeeded in undoing in three years what the Republican party has been fifty years accomplishing for the advancement and recognition of the rights of the colored citizens."

"He celebrated his entrance to the White House by closing the door of opportunity to the Negro. By word and deed he has lent encouragement to the enemies of the race and fostered a racial prejudice greater than has ever been known in this country. There has never been a President who descended from his lofty position to retard the progress of a struggling race as Woodrow Wilson has done. His education has failed to prove a foil for his prejudice. He has used the power of his great office to place obstacles in the path of progress as the Republican party laid it out for the Negro. Throughout the country colored men have been astounded and discouraged by the bitterness of the opposition of the Chief Executive of the nation, and the enemies of the race in and out of Congress have taken heart to levy additional reprisals against the hopes of the race."

We have no fear that this dirty dodger will do President Wilson any harm in this section. Well informed and self-respecting negroes will have nothing to do with it nor will they countenance any such methods used to get their votes against President Wilson, who has done nothing in his official life or otherwise to retard the progress and advancement of the negro race. But this folder serves as a sample of the methods practiced by Republican politicians at election times to prejudices and inflame the minds of colored men against the Democrats, who have been the best friends—especially in the South—that the negro ever had, when it comes to helping the latter in a material way.

REPUBLICAN SPEAKER
REVERSES UTTERANCES

Mr. W. E. Andrews, a former Assistant Auditor of the U. S. Treasury, a Republican "spellbinder," said in a speech at the court house here on the 2d inst., "the boasts of Congressman Johnson having saved the Government great sums of money was largely political talk." He stated that no large sums of money had been returned to the Treasury by Johnson when he left the Treasury Department in 1915. It so happened that this same Andrews spoke at Bardstown, the home of Mr. Johnson, on the following Friday where he knew the facts were too well known to undertake this, and Wilson and Mr. Johnson, it is the intention to have two of these young

men stationed at each poll on the day of election with a complete list of the voters of that precinct. They will then be able to see that every Democratic voter in the precinct gets to the polls and votes. Who will volunteer for this important work in Ohio county?

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men stationed at each poll on the day of election with a complete list of the voters of that precinct. They will then be able to see that every Democratic voter in the precinct gets to the polls and votes. Who will volunteer for this important work in Ohio county?

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Candidate Hughes would not have replied in such language for his right hand. He is too anxious for the disloyal American vote to utter a word of protest over such detestable conduct. Vote for the man who is not afraid to speak out.

AN INFAMOUS CIRCULAR

There is being circulated among the negroes of Ohio county—and of course promiscuously throughout the State—circular or 8-page folder, having for its caption "President Wilson and the Negro," which for lying statements and dirty campaign blackmail, equals or surpasses anything of the kind (and there have been quite a number) ever seen here. This folder abounds in so many false statements and groundless charges, that it is issued anonymously, having no signature attached or place of issuance indicated. The author's name is kept hidden. Of course it is really "daddled" by Republican campaign managers, but evidently they were ashamed to acknowledge it as their output. In the main it is a dastardly and cowardly attack upon the personality and public record of President Wilson. Among its many false and groundless paragraphs are the following:

"What the Negroes living in the border States, and even those who live at the north, have most to fear is a Democratic administration directed by a man of southern birth, and one so lauded to southern racial prejudices as Woodrow Wilson. This is not so much a prophecy as it is a concrete fact, proven by years of Democratic reprisals against the constitutional rights of the colored citizens. Placing a ban upon the progress of the Negro race is the ONLY policy to which the Wilson administration has consistently adhered and the only one that has been successful. The President has succeeded in undoing in three years what the Republican party has been fifty years accomplishing for the advancement and recognition of the rights of the colored citizens."

"He celebrated his entrance to the White House by closing the door of opportunity to the Negro. By word and deed he has lent encouragement to the enemies of the race and fostered a racial prejudice greater than has ever been known in this country. There has never been a President who descended from his lofty position to retard the progress of a struggling race as Woodrow Wilson has done. His education has failed to prove a foil for his prejudice. He has used the power of his great office to place obstacles in the path of progress as the Republican party laid it out for the Negro. Throughout the country colored men have been astounded and discouraged by the bitterness of the opposition of the Chief Executive of the nation, and the enemies of the race in and out of Congress have taken heart to levy additional reprisals against the hopes of the race."

We have no fear that this dirty dodger will do President Wilson any harm in this section. Well informed and self-respecting negroes will have nothing to do with it nor will they countenance any such methods used to get their votes against President Wilson, who has done nothing in his official life or otherwise to retard the progress and advancement of the negro race. But this folder serves as a sample of the methods practiced by Republican politicians at election times to prejudices and inflame the minds of colored men against the Democrats, who have been the best friends—especially in the South—that the negro ever had, when it comes to helping the latter in a material way.

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Black Cat REINFORCED HOSE For Men

Hose Without Holes

Hose that fit snugly in the ankle, that are handsome and dressy in appearance and yet that have the sturdy, long-wearing, big-value durability that makes them a practical purchase.

It is because of Black Cat's knit-in quality that we do such a large business in this popular brand. One pair will be enough to convince you.

FARR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE

No. 113 duo at Ellimitch	8:32 p.m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch	7:30 a.m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch ..	3:40 p.m.
Ar. Irvington ..	5:35 p.m.
Lv. Irvington ..	5:56 p.m.
Ar. Louisville ..	7:49 p.m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ..	8:35 a.m.
Ar. Irvington ..	10:06 a.m.
Lv. Irvington ..	10:40 a.m.
Ar. Ellimitch ..	1:04 p.m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE

South Bound, No. 115—	
Due at Hartford 8:45 a.m.	

North Bound, No. 114—	
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Due at Hartford 5:55 p.m.	
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(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

"There's a Photographer" in Hartford.

SCHROETER.

Fresh Field Seed of all kinds. See J. W. FORD. 367f

Old newspapers for sale at The Herald office. Nice and clean—big bundle for 5c.

Farmers' Club Phosphate 16 to 18, 80c per 100-lbs. at the car.

D. L. D. SANDERFUR, 403

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Mrs. A. W. Bennett and little daughter Nancy Ellen left Thursday for their home at Oklahoma City, Okla.

Mrs. Alfred Nelson, of Warren, Penn., and Mrs. Herbert Chinn, city, were among The Herald's callers Saturday.

Every voter who can should hear Hon. Ben Johnson at Horse Branch next Saturday at 12:30 or at Center-town at night.

Mr. Harold Holbrook will go to Washington City the latter part of this week to look after the granting of a patent he is interested in.

Mrs. James Lyons and daughter Dorcas left for Blackwell, Okla., Thursday, where they went to join Mr. Lyons and make their future home.

Mrs. B. F. Atkinson, of Owensboro, and Mrs. C. R. Crowe, of Brandenburg, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Acton, of Olaton, Route 1.

See W. H. Parks, Hartford, Ky., for five-year loans on first-class real estate, in Ohio, Muhlenberg, Daviess, McLean, Butler, Webster and Breckinridge counties. 25tf

For Sale—Scholarship in the Owenboro Business and Industrial College. Good for \$50 in any department. Will sell at a reduction. Write or call on the Hartford Herald.



last Wednesday while attempting to drive into a barn with a load of hay, being caught between the load of hay and the cross-piece over the door, was getting along very well when last heard from yesterday.

Mrs. Lydia Potter, an old and respected citizen of Hartford, was attacked with a swimming in her head in her room at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Williams, Monday evening, and fell heavily to the floor, breaking a hip bone. A doctor was summoned and at last account she was resting easy.

Mary Toms, aged 12, and Claude Toms, aged 9, children of Thomas Toms, of Friedland, this county, were brought to Hartford yesterday and taken before County Judge Jno. B. Wilson and an order was entered directing that they be taken to the Children's Home at Louisville. Mrs. W. J. Dean will take them to the home to-day.

Rev. B. W. Napier will fill his regular appointment at the Methodist church here next Sunday. His subject for Sunday morning will be "The Power of the United Hand." The morning service will be followed by the public installation of church officials. Subject for night service: "Esther, the Woman of Conviction and Courage."

In its notes concerning the Daviess Circuit Court, the Owensboro Messenger of Tuesday says: "Miss Willie Smith, daughter of the late Thos. J. Smith, of Hartford, is in attendance upon the session for the week for the purpose of presenting herself in court reporting. She reported the testimony in a number of the cases tried Monday."

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Keown, Mrs. S. O. Keown and Mrs. Virgil Elgin were among those from Hartford who attended the burial of Mrs. W. N. Balze at the Haynesville church burying grounds last Saturday. Mrs. Balze, who was a sister of Mrs. C. P. Keown, died at her residence in Owensboro last Thursday night. Mrs. Keown was at the bedside of her sister when she died.

We have on display a full line of Cook Stoves, Ranges, Coal and Wood Heaters, which we can furnish you at a very low price, considering the recent advance in this line. We have gone on the market and made heavy purchases before this advance went on, which has placed us in a position to save you money by buying your Stoves from us. Call and let us show you our entire line.

ACTON BROS., 3814 Hartford, Ky.

Quite a number of friends and relatives met at the home of Mr. T. B. Bell, Pleasant Ridge neighborhood, Thursday, Oct. 5, and gave him a surprise, it being his 55th birthday. A number of baskets and boxes filled with dainty things to eat were spread and every one had a delightful day. Music was rendered by several present. Mr. Bell was born and reared in the old homestead on which he now lives, having never moved.

Mr. Luther Brown and daughters Misses Ola and Carrie, of Echols, were pleasant callers Thursday. Mr. Brown, on Saturday, Sept. 30th, made sorghum molasses and Mrs. Robert Shultz, of Clarksville, Miss., who had been visiting in the neighborhood, purchased some of the molasses, took it to her home and the family ate of it the following Monday for dinner. Pretty quick work—molasses made in Ohio county Saturday afternoon and eaten in Clarksville, Miss., in less than 48 hours.

There will be a rally meeting at Democratic headquarters in Hartford to-morrow night, when a Wilson Club will be organized. Every Democrat in or near Hartford should attend if he can possibly do so. Less than four weeks now until the election and it is time to get busy. Democrats everywhere are enthusiastic and confident of victory. Let there be a large attendance in the rooms over the Citizens Bank to-morrow night and let's not relax our efforts to carry Ohio county for Wilson by a handsome majority.

An Equity Love-Feast.

Next Saturday, the 14th of October, representatives from 14 locals in Ohio county will assemble at Hartford to reorganize the county union, A. S. of E. A real Equity love-feast is expected.

Don't fail to come; don't fail to bring your wives and children, your boys and girls, and let us have a rally that is a rally.

The Equity Man.

The Equity Man has had most excellent luck with the Equity pool. Three more days next week—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—will give us in this county, right around 600,000 pounds. And we have a buyer already for a million pounds.

THE EQUITY MAN.

One good turn deserves another. Help others, and others will help themselves.

FISCAL COURT NOTES.

The Ohio County Fiscal Court was in session three days last week, beginning Wednesday morning, being the regular October term, with Judge Jno. B. Wilson presiding, County Attorney C. M. Crowe, and the following Justices present: R. C. Tichenor, S. L. Falkerson, B. W. Taylor, S. W. Leach, W. S. Dean, B. F. Rice, Ed. Shown and Wilson Smith.

Aside from the regular routine of business the following orders were entered:

Order giving contractors authority to close the Hartford and Center-town public road from the street limits to Tichenor's stable on pike until Nov. 4th. Likewise gave notice of road being open for travel through the bottoms south of pike.

Sum of \$300 appropriated to Kentucky Children's Home Society at Louisville, Ky., to assist in the support of the 19 children sent to this institution from Ohio county since January 4, 1914.

On motion of Esq. S. W. Leach, seconded by Esq. H. F. Rice, the office of County Road Engineer for Ohio county was discontinued from and after October 7, 1916, and this court appoints no County Road Engineer. Prior to this action County Judge Jno. B. Wilson appointed Mr. Homer Milligan, of Smallman, who held a certificate of qualification from the State Board as Road Engineer and his appointee failed of ratification by a strict political party vote—3 Democrats for and 5 Republicans against.

Farmers' Meeting Saturday.

Notice to farmers of Ohio county, Ky.: The County Union of the American Society of Equity is called to meet at Hartford, Ky., on Saturday, October 14, 1916, at 10 o'clock a.m. Every local in the county is requested to be represented with a full delegation, as there is much and very important business to transact, especially on the tobacco question. Everybody is invited to attend this meeting and those wishing to deliver their tobacco at Hartford and have not already signed their tobacco, should be there and hear the questions discussed and sign their tobacco with the A. S. of E., the organization that brought relief to the farmer. Come, everybody, and bring your wives. Don't forget the date.

J. S. CECIL,
J. R. WELLER,
County Committee.

Public Road Working.

On Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 24 and 25, the people on the southern side of the county will devote their time, teams and tools to improving the road for two or three miles from Borah's Ferry to the end of the new pike towards Beaver Dam. This section has been surveyed by the State engineer and all work done these two days will be of much assistance to the county and hasten the time when it can be plowed. It is expected that the right-of-way will be cleared and fencing set back before that day. This is one of the most important roads in the county, being made 40 feet wide and with easy grades. Everybody invited to co-operate.

Remember the date next Saturday, October 14th, and go out and hear Hon. Ben Johnson either at Horse Branch or Center-town. He will discuss the political issues at Horse Branch at 12:30 p.m., Center-town at night.

Alfred Finley Held To Answer.

Alfred Finley and Osary Malone, charged with horse stealing, mention of which appeared in these columns last week, were taken before Judge Jno. B. Wilson last Monday for examining trial. After hearing the evidence Finley was held to answer to Circuit Court. On motion of County Attorney C. M. Crowe an order was entered directing that Malone, who is only 13 years of age, be sent to the School of Reform. He will be taken there by Sheriff S. O. Keown next Saturday.

WANTED.

I want to rent a good farm (well improved) from one to five years. Good team. Sept. 22, 1916.

JOSEPH SCHROADER,

3914 Livermore, Ky.

Horse For Sale.

One bay horse, 10 years old, about 15 1/2 hands high, saddle and harness.

Will sell at very reasonable price at once. Call on or address:

REV. BIRCH SHIELDS, Beaver Dam, Ky.

His Latest Trick.

"What became of that rock-the boat fool friend of yours?"

"He's got a new trick now. He rides a motorcycle and tries to see how small a break in the traffic he can dash through."

The truth may be mighty, but sometimes it has to leak out.

COME into our store on your very first occasion and see the fairylan of fashion especially displayed for your approval.

Autumn calls for the most bewitching coats, gowns and dresses—and the new Belding Silks blend with these styles most admirably.

In Linings, design and color-combination are of equal importance to the outer material. Fashion's requirements are fully met in the beauty and originality of Belding's Novelty Designs.

These new Belding Silks are enough to delight the most discriminating woman. Be sure to see them.

In addition to Beldings Silks we have Taffetas in an assortment of colors at \$1.25 and \$1.50 per yard.

Also Gros de Londres in black only, 36 inches wide, at \$1.85 per yard.

Silk Poplins in all the new shades at \$1.25 per yard.

See our line of Crepe de Chines at \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Carson & Co.

(Incorporated.)

HARTFORD, KY.

BEAVER DAM.

Oct. 9.—Beaver Dam was well entertained last week in the way of lectures and plays. Tuesday afternoon Prof. Green, of Bowling Green, Rockport, telling us of his sad loss of his daughter, Mrs. Georgia Held, of that town, who died October 6th and was buried October 7, 1916. Mr. and Mrs. Held have our sympathy in their deep sorrow.

Friday evening Hon. Mr. Garrett, of Tennessee, gave the voters a short talk in the interest of the Democratic party. At the conclusion of his speech the Methodist Ladies Aid entertained the good people with a play for the benefit of their church. Saturday evening Hon. T. J. Sparks, of Greenville, made a talk in the interest of the Republican party. The last performance was the moving picture show. So if any one wants to see the bright side of life they would do well to visit Beaver Dam. Politics is at a low ebb in this vicinity, as neither speaker had a large crowd to hear him.

Mr. W. R. Gray, Union neighbor, was badly mashed up at Taylor Mines last Wednesday. He was taking a load of baled hay to Mr. Joe Reid, in driving under the shed of the barn he was caught between the load of hay and shed. It was thought by Drs. McKenney and Joe Taylor that his back was broken, but later the hurt was found not so bad and at present he is improving and will be able to be taken home in a few days.

Mr. Zeke Taylor, of Bowling Green, has been in town this week, shaking hands with old friends.

Mr. Orval Taylor and wife motorized to Fort Dodge, Iowa, the first of September to visit his wife's parents. His car registered 800 miles from Beaver Dam to that city. Mr. Taylor has returned but will go back to Fort Dodge in his car, as he has some work to do there.

The little 6-year-old daughter of Mr. Otto Kimbly, of Taylor Mines, died last Tuesday of scarlet fever and was buried in Taylor Mines cemetery Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Estill Arubuckie spent last week visiting her brother, Willie Coleman, at Beech Grove, Ky.

We received a copy of the Illinois Journal containing the death of Mrs. Maude Chapman, wife of Mr. W. F. Chapman, of that city, which occurred October 4th. They had lived most of their married life in Green Brier neighborhood and were there



Rev. Harlan, who is pastor of the First Christian Church of Hartford, is now spending his vacation conducting a meeting at Ekkert, Ind.

There will be no preaching at the church here until the third and fourth Sundays in November.

Recently Rev. Harlan was recalled to his pastorate here by a unanimous vote of the board, whose members expressed entire satisfaction with his efficient services in the past.

Subscribe for The Herald, \$1 a year.

Hartford • Herald

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

CRETE HAS LONG HELD
BIG PLACE IN HISTORYApostle Paul Contended That It
Was Inhabited By a
Set Of Liars.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The present revolt in Crete has occurred almost on the fourth anniversary of the announcement of the island's annexation to Greece, made by the Greek premier on October 14, 1912. Up to that time the Cretans had been in an almost constant state of revolt against Turkish and Egyptian domination, for the greater part of the Nineteenth and the first decade of the Twentieth century. To-day's war geography bulletin of the National Geographic Society tells of the resources of this revolt-riven region:

Crete and Corsica are practically tied for the distinction of fourth island of the Mediterranean, each having an area somewhat in excess of 3,300 square miles and being surpassed in size by Sicily, Sardinia and Cyprus. But while Corsica has sustained a comparatively inconspicuous role in world history, if one excepts the fact that it was the birthplace of Napoleon, Crete has played a stellar part in human events for more than 4,000 years.

Oblong in shape, with a length of 160 miles and a width varying from six to thirty-five miles, the rugged island lies equidistant from Europe, Asia and Africa. Its northern coast is greatly indented, and while the anchorage is too shallow for modern steamers in all save one of its ports, in ancient times many of its 100 flourishing cities of which Homer spoke were regularly visited by the light-draft vessels of the Phoenicians, the Greeks and the Egyptians.

Crete to-day sustains a population of about 350,000, more than nine-tenths of whom are Christians and the remaining tenth largely Mohammedans. Much of its land is bare and stony, and the forests of cypress, which were once its glory, have almost disappeared. Its rivers are scarcely more than mountain torrents, which rush down from snow-clad heights towering more than 8,000 feet above the sea.

Many of the narrow valleys and a few plains are extremely fertile, however. Fruits of many varieties, especially the orange and lemon, grow luxuriantly, and the olive is one of the most valuable products of the island, the oil being used extensively in the manufacture of soap. The vines of Crete, which were noted in the Middle Ages, have deteriorated somewhat in modern times. Currents are profitably grown, but little grain is raised. The mineral resources of the island may eventually prove to be considerable, but at the present time gypsum, lime, slate and whetstone constitute the principal output, which is measured.

St Paul in his epistle to Titus, perpetuated the indictment that "the Cretins are always liars," so it is not astonishing to find in the legends of the island the claim that the supreme god of the Greek world, Zeus, was a native and that he was nursed by nymphs on the slopes of the famous Mt. Ida. He was even

HARTFORD EVIDENCE FOR
HARTFORD PEOPLE

The Statements of Hartford Residents Are Surely More Reliable Than Those of Utter Strangers.

Home testimony is real proof. Public statements of Hartford people carry real weight.

What a friend or neighbor says compels respect.

The word of one whose name is far away invites your doubts.

Here's a Hartford statement.

And it's for Hartford people's benefit.

Such evidence is convincing.

That's the kind of proof that backs Doan's Kidney Pills.

S. L. King, proprietor Hardware store, Hartford, Ky., says: "I had pains across my back and finally I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They certainly helped me. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly to anyone in need of a medicine for disordered kidneys."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. King had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietary, Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

supposed to have been buried at Lukta, near the ancient center of Minoan civilization, Knossos, or Cnossus, an account of whose astonishing culture thousands of years ago has been given in a recent bulletin of the National Geographic Society.

UNION ORGANIZATION
NOT TO BE RECOGNIZED

Central City, Ky., Oct. 7.—The Central Coal and Iron Company, operating the DuPont mines at this place, has posted notices that its mines will resume work Tuesday, October 10, under a contract with the Southern Miners' Association, recently organized at this place. The United Mine Workers of America will not be recognized as an organization, but members of that union may work by joining the new organization.

The organization of the Southern Miners' Association is a result of last spring's deliberations over wage disputes with the Western Kentucky Operators' Association. The national officers would not give the miners financial assistance. It is said, when they voted down the operators' proposition for a settlement. The miners claim they paid into the national organization's treasury thousands of dollars for the benefit of striking miners in other districts, and that so far they have never been able to obtain any relief when standing out for their rights.

HOLDS WOMAN JUSTIFIED
IN BEATING HER SPOUSE

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 6.—A woman has a right to protect her home, Police Judge J. J. Riley ruled here, in dismissing Mrs. Lula Davis, who used a broom to chastise her husband after she had broken a window to get at him last night. Judge Riley's verdict was:

"When a woman follows her husband to the home of another, entering by force, beats up her spouse and removes him by force, she is employing legitimate means to preserve the honor of her family."

He refused even to exact a peace bond of her.

SPECIAL NOTICE
In regard to
OBITUARIES, RESOLUTIONS
OF RESPECT, &c.

The Hartford Herald has adopted a new rule in regard to Obituaries, Resolutions of Respect, Cards of Thanks, &c., whether written personally or for ladies, churches or individuals, and that is, we shall charge at the rate of five cents per line for all such articles, except obituary poetry, which will be one cent per word straight.

The amount, in cash or stamps, must accompany each article, or it will not be printed. Six words average a line in ordinary reading and every separate character or initial letter counts as a word. The heading and the signature both count one line each, even if they are only a word or two.

All obituary poetry, straight through, one cent per word. This ruling applies to everybody alike, without any distinction.

Contributors please remember.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

An Artful Dodger.

When Candidate Hughes is cornered by questions he pretends that he does not hear them or makes an evasive reply. While he was speaking at Toledo, Ohio, the other night he was heckled by the audience and among the questions hurled at him was "What about the Danbury Hatters' case?" He said afterwards he did not hear it, but appeared to maintain his silence when told of it. This case was that in which the Supreme Court, with Justice Hughes sitting, required the unions which boycotted the manufacturers to pay them large damages because of it.

Head Off That All-Winter Cough.

At the first sign of sore throat, tight chest or stuffed-up head take a dose of Dr. Hell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The healing pine-tar, soothing honey and glycerine quickly relieve the congestion, loosen the phlegm and break up your cold. Dr. Hell's Pine-Tar-Honey has all the benefits of the healing aroma from a pine forest, it is pleasant to take and antiseptic. The formula on the bottle tells why it relieves colds and coughs. At your druggist, 25c.—Adv.

The railroads' net earnings for the year ending June 1, 1916, were \$767,000,000 more than for the last year of the Taft administration.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER
IS NOW A BILLIONAIREBoom In Standard Oil Stocks
Carries the Price Beyond
\$2,000 Per Share.

The boom in Standard Oil stocks on the curb and "over the counter" recently, says the New York Times, carried prices so far forward that stock of the Standard of New Jersey as it existed before the dissolution was worth more than \$2,000 a share. The highest price for the stock before the Supreme Court decree was put into effect five years ago was \$750. Applying Thursday's value of old Standard Oil shares, with the equity in subsidiary companies intact, the market worth of the company's original capital stock was close to \$2,000,000,000. This makes John D. Rockefeller, head of the company, easily a billionaire.

When the Government suit against the Standard Oil Company for dissolution was in its earlier stages, on September 21, 1907, the stock list of the company was made public on the witness stand. Mr. Rockefeller was shown to own 247,692 shares of stock, more than three times as much as any other holder, and more than six times as much as the next largest individual holder, two estates ranking next to him. This stock was valued at \$675 a share on the day the company was broken up five years ago by the Supreme Court's decision, though at times it had sold as high as \$750. The following table shows the value of Mr. Rockefeller's holdings:

Par value of John D. Rockefeller's 247,692 shares \$24,769,200.00

Value at the time of dissolution, at 675 a share 167,194,100.00

Value to-day, including subsidiaries, at \$2,014.07 498,864,066.44

Increase in value of his holdings since dissolution 331,674,938.44

Mr. Rockefeller also holds vast interests in various banks and railroads, besides enormous blocks of national, State and municipal bonds. He bought \$10,000,000 worth of the Angle-French loan floated in the fall of 1915. He owns a large part of the stock of the United States Steel Corporation. Besides this, the Rockefellers, father and son, have given away sums estimated at nearly \$200,000,000, of which about \$60,000,000 has gone to the General Education Board, nearly \$30,000,000 to the University of Chicago, \$10,000,000 to the Rockefeller Foundation for Medical Research, and \$6,000,000 to the Rush Medical College. About \$10,000,000 has been contributed to various relief works by the Rockefeller Foundation since the war began.

It's a good plan to acquire experience, but on the other hand many a man who is rich in experience can't raise the price of a meal.

Bad Colds Fram Little Sneezes
Grow.

Many colds that hang on all winter start with a sneeze, a sniffle, a sore throat, a tight chest. You know the symptoms of colds, and you know prompt treatment will break them up. Dr. King's New Discovery, with its soothing antiseptic balsams, has been breaking up colds and healing coughs of young and old for 47 years. Dr. King's New Discovery loosens the phlegm, clears the head, soothes the irritated membrane and makes breathing easier. At your druggist, 25c.—Adv.

Girl 14 Weds Youth 17.

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 6.—Miss Lydia Cantrell and Paul Eskew, a farmer of Drake, this county, were married by Magistrate Richard Buckner at the court house here. The bride is 14 years old and the groom 17.

Nut Now At Any Rate.

Mr. Hughes says the Republican party has been the party of national honor. It will be observed that he

IF YOU
Want a Cook
Want a Clerk
Want a Partner
Want a Situation
Want a Hired Hand
Want to Sell a Piano
Want to Sell Your Farm
Want to Sell Town Property
Want to Sell Your Groceries
Want to Sell Your Hardware
Want Customers for Anything
Advertising Is the Way to Success
Advertising Brings Customers
Advertising Keeps Customers
Advertising Insures Success
Advertising Shows Energy
Advertising Shows Pluck
Advertising Is "Biz"
Advertising or Bust
Advertise Long
Advertise Well
ADVERTISE
At Once.

speaks in the past tense. He certainly cannot speak of it in the present when the 100 per cent candidate is cuddling with the hyphenates and a good majority of its members of Congress, including leader Mann, voted for the McLeanmore resolution to surrender American rights on the high sea to Germany. Mr. Hughes is right. If the Republican party wins ever the party of national honor it was in the dim and distant past.

HE'S A FIGHTING FIEND,
AS WAS DEMONSTRATED

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—A tale of an unnamed Corporal in an Eastern Ontario battalion of the Canadian forces in France, who, single-handed, charged a party of Germans advancing to an attack, and killed or wounded all of them except one, whom he took prisoner, is related by an official Canadian "eyewitness" in a dispatch received to-day.

The battalion to which the Corporal was attached had successfully captured a line of German trenches, when a party of the enemy, consisting of two officers and about 20 men, began a counter attack," the "eyewitness" writes:

The Corporal advanced alone against the whole party, emptied his revolver, picked up first one and then another German rifle, each of which he emptied, accounting for the two officers and 16 of the men. While he was shooting one of the officers attacked him with a bayonet and pierced him in the leg below the knee, but the Corporal shot him dead. The rest of the enemy attempted to escape. The Corporal shot four of them and made the fifth a prisoner. Although wounded in two places, he remained in the trenches until his battalion was relieved.

His Name Is Now "Prepaid." By spelling his family name backwards William H. Diaper, secretary of a coal company with offices in the Congress Building, through Probate Court action has been relieved of a cognomen which all his life has been distasteful to him.—[Detroit News.]

It's a good plan to acquire experience, but on the other hand many a man who is rich in experience can't raise the price of a meal.



If you could look into a million homes

Could you look into one home in every twenty in America and see in all of them a coffee being served that is good enough to make breakfast as happy as this?

If you saw all these homes using the same coffee—

You would never rest until you had tried that coffee.

Your grocer has it for you—

To supply the women of America with their favorite coffee, ships of Arbuckles' Coffee are on the sea every day, bringing coffee from the coffee-growing countries to their big plant on the New York waterfront.

New Price

FORD CARS!

Ford Runabout . . . \$345.00

Ford Touring Car . . . \$360.00

F. O. B. Detroit.

Freight to Beaver Dam \$18.00.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Best Grade Lard and
Cooking Oils

There are many
grades of lard and the
price usually governs the
quality. However, we can
supply you with a high grade
at a moderate price.



We can also give you
some very good values in
imported olive oils and
all the various cooking oils that
you might need, for
cooking and salads.

Our oils comply with
all the requirements of
the pure food laws, so you
can be sure their quality is right.
—And so are the prices.

Telephone Orders Given Prompt Attention

ACTON BROS., Hartford.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HARTFORD HERALD—\$1.00 A YEAR.

To Every True American

Woodrow Wilson's fight is *your* fight.

He has put equal justice above special privilege, human rights above property rights, national honor above organized greed, and democracy over all.

The Child Labor law, the Federal Reserve act, the Clayton Anti-Trust law, Workmen's Compensation, Rural Credits, the Shipping bill, the Federal Trade Commission, the Seamen's act, the Tariff Commission and the Agricultural Extension act may well stand as the ten commandments of America; his international policies proclaim to the world America's recovery of the ancient faith, America's renewed devotion to democratic ideals. Woodrow Wilson has given *you* prosperity with justice and peace with honor.

What are you giving him?

How much does it mean to you that business is no longer at the mercy of panics, that credit and enterprise have been released from captivity, that the standards of America are now the standards of civilization, and that the heart of the land is not torn by the wailing of widows and orphans, the slow shuffling of the blind and the maimed?

America today is no less a battle-ground than in 1776 and 1861, and Woodrow Wilson is no less the champion of liberty than Washington and Lincoln.

Money, however, is the present weapon. It takes cash to run a campaign.

Only from the people, the one master that he has served, can Woodrow Wilson receive campaign aid. *Clean money for clean purposes.*

To contribute is your *duty* even as it should be your *privilege*. Send it in now.

What one of you would not fight to defend your home and your country against foreign foes? Fight, then, against enemies within that hold greater menace than any foe without.

Do not serve notice upon all future Presidents that faithful service is folly, since the electorate is without gratitude, interest and intelligence.

Every dollar contributed is payment on America's insurance policy.

Don't let it lapse.

Even as you have received generously, give generously. Even stint to give. America was built on sacrifice.

How to Contribute to the Wilson Campaign Fund

Sign the Coupon in this corner and fill in the amount you give. Then attach your Money to this Coupon and mail today to the address given on the Coupon.

Issue all checks, money orders and address all contributions to Henry Morgenthau, Chairman Finance Committee, Democratic National Committee, 30 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

Woodrow Wilson Campaign Fund LOYALTY COUPON

To HENRY MORGENTHAU, Chairman Finance Committee, The Democratic National Committee, 30 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

As a believer in the progressive ideals of government represented in the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson, I am proud of the United States, and to the end that he may take the office free-handed, untrammeled and obligated to none but the people of the country, I wish to contribute the sum of \$10 toward the expenses of President Wilson's campaign.

Name.....

Address.....

R. F. D..... State.....

Please mention this paper

The Democratic National Committee has authorized The Hartford Herald to assist in the collection of the Wilson Popular Campaign Fund. Send in your contribution TODAY. Use the above coupon. Your contribution will be acknowledged in the columns of this paper and you will get a handsome receipt from Treasurer Wilbur W. Marsh, of the National Committee.

OUR VARIED MONEY

No Two Classes Have Exactly the Same Quality or Value.

A GOLD AND SILVER COMEDY

Tribulations of a More or Less Honest Citizen Who Was Stuck With Six Trade Dollars and Who Wanted to Exchange Them For a Gold Coin.

When a new treasurer of the United States takes office his predecessor hands over to him assets to the value of billions. But it is a varied lot of securities that come into his possession—bonds, securities of all kinds, gold bars and silver coin, base metals, gold notes, silver notes, gold in the reserve fund, governmental legal tender notes, national bank notes, fractional currency and subsidiary coins.

No two classes have the same qualities, no two exactly the same value, intrinsic or otherwise. Yet people are so eager to get anything with the stamp of Uncle Sam that they accept it anywhere at its face value unless it is required for some purpose which calls for the peculiar quality of a certain kind of money.

It is a mark of confidence in Uncle Sam that his beautiful silver certificates are taken at their face value, when in reality they bear about the same relation to gold dollars as adulterated food does to pure food—only, like the adulterated foods, a certain artificial value must be given to them.

When the food adulterator turns out his product, the government, in just horror, says it is wrong to tamper with food, and the person who does it must go to jail. When Uncle Sam sends out a silver disk stamped with his mark he has made a very good business stroke, for he has placed in circulation as a dollar 50 cents' worth of silver and put 44 cents' worth of bullion into his treasurer's charge and, like the adulterated food dealer, has made a good transaction.

A poor wreck of humanity with a grateful streak in his heart not long since found himself in possession of six trade dollars. His first inclination after the shock was to buy a whole lot of bait and go away off on

a fishing trip, but remembrance of his mother came over him, and, like a good fellow, he resolved to send her a five dollar gold piece.

His first surprise came when he found that his trade dollars, which contained more silver than do the silver dollars, were valued only as bullion and his whole \$6 was worth only \$3.36. He had overlooked the fact that when those dollars were issued, back in 1873, Uncle Sam had omitted to endorse them or to give them any monetary value other than their silver content.

So he did with his \$6 what his Uncle Samuel had done—he went through his first transaction in high finance which makes one blush for him. He mixed his dollars up with some "standard" silver dollars and persuaded a small storekeeper to give him bills for them. It happened that these bills were silver certificates.

He tried to induce the treasury department to take them in exchange for the gold piece intended for his mother, but the treasury department politely told him that, while the law provided that the secretary of the treasury should maintain gold and silver on a parity, the section had been construed to mean that silver certificates could not produce gold coin.

Thereupon wild thoughts of the bait and the fishing trip rushed upon him again, but his blood was now up, and he determined somehow to secure that gold piece for the mother, who was becoming momentarily deader. He succeeded after a time in exchanging his silver certificates for a legal tender note for \$5, and, although such notes are protected by a gold reserve equal to only about a third of the issue, the department without hesitation gave him the gold coin.

The narrator of the tale could not remember whether the gold piece ever reached the mother or was spent to celebrate the modern method of the transmutation of metals.—Washington Post.

Tasting Ideas.

I say wisdom is gathered on foot, along country roads. Collect your ideas where you can, alley, boulevard, office, lecture hall, theater, dinner table, library, wharf, picture gallery, street car, opera house, curbside or courtroom, but test them on the road. Confronted with the realities of soil and salt water and the character shaped by these they will look vastly less momentous or vastly more so.—Atlantic Monthly.

HIS CHILLY RECEPTION.

Mark Twain's Visitor When the Humorist Was Absentminded.

Absentmindedness was characteristic of Mark Twain. He lived so much in the world within that to him the material outer world was often vague and shadowy.

Once when he was knocking the balls about in the billiard room George, the colored butler, a favorite and privileged household character, brought up a card. So many canvassers came to sell him one thing and another that Clemens promptly assumed this to be one of them. George insisted mildly, but firmly, that though a stranger the caller was certainly a gentleman, and Clemens grumbly descended the stairs.

As he entered the parlor the caller rose and extended his hand. Clemens took it rather limply, for he had noticed some water colors and engravings leaning against the furniture as if for exhibition, and he was instantly convinced that the caller was a piteous canvasser.

Inquiries by the stranger as to Mrs. Clemens and the children did not change Mark Twain's conclusion. He was polite, but unresponsive, and gradually worked the visitor toward the front door. An inquiry as to the home of Charles Dudley Warner caused the caller to be shown eagerly in that direction.

Clemens, on the way back to the billiard room, heard Mrs. Clemens call him—she was ill that day.

"Youth!" "Yes, Livy." He went in for a word. "George brought me Mr. B.'s card. I hope you were nice to him; the B.'s were so nice to us once in Europe while you were gone."

"The B.'s? Why, Livy?"

"Yes, of course, and I asked him to be sure to call when he came to Hartford!"—Albert Bigelow Paine in St. Nicholas.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In ordering the address of your paper changed from one place to another it is absolutely necessary to state where you have been receiving the paper as well as where you want it changed to. Please bear this in mind.

TROPHIES OF WAR

Captured Flags Carefully Preserved by Uncle Sam.

ON VIEW IN NAVAL ACADEMY

Restored by Special Process After Having Been in Tatters For Years. They Are a Living Proof of the Heroism of Our Soldiers and Sailors.

In the auditorium of the academy building at the United States Naval academy at Annapolis are 15,000 square yards of flags, most of them trophy flags.

The capture of these tattered banners helped to make the stars and stripes respected by the nations of the earth and reflect undying glory on the men of the United States navy. They are living proofs of the heroism and courage of the soldiers and sailors who fought to maintain the flag when the nation was struggling for independence and later when it was fighting to establish firmly the foundations of the greatest republic of the world.

From 1897 to 1901 this collection of flags, which should be one of America's most highly prized treasures, was kept at the Naval academy and exhibited in the old naval institute hall.

In 1901, when it was decided to tear down this building, the flags were packed in iron boxes and stored away.

Being in a dilapidated condition when they were taken down to be packed, grave fears were entertained that they would be further damaged by moths.

During the ten years they remained in storage repeated efforts were made to have the government take some steps to put them in a permanent state of preservation, but without success.

In 1912 Congress appropriated \$30,000 for the work of preservation.

About three months later Mrs. Amelia Fowler, an expert on flag preservation, obtained the services of forty needlewomen, who began the arduous task of sewing over by hand every inch of the 15,000 square yards in the flags, as the natural decay of age as well as the almost hopeless ravages of moths made any ordinary method of preservation seem impossible.

A special process was originated by Mrs. Fowler, which is described as "spreading the tattered remains of each flag upon a backing of heavy Irish linen of neutral color."

The delicate work was guided by the original measurement of the flag, by a knowledge of its design and by placing in vertical and horizontal line the warp and woof threads in the fragments of bunting.

What remained of the original flag was then sewed firmly to the linen backing by needlewomen under Mrs. Fowler's instruction and guidance.

Less than a year after the labor of repairing was begun, on May 16, 1913, the flags were completed and put on exhibition at the Naval academy.

In the ceiling of the academy building is one of the most interesting of the trophy flags. It is a British royal standard taken from the parliament house at York, now Toronto, then the capital of upper Canada, when the place was taken by the squadron under Commodore Isaac Chattock and a land force under General Zebulon Montgomery Pike, April 27, 1813.

The squadron, with about 1,700 soldiers aboard, effected a landing at York under cover of a fire of grape from the ships, cleared a way through the Indians and sharpshooters that the English had formed to oppose them and stormed the batteries. The capture of York resulted in the acquisition of the royal standard, the only British royal standard captured and held by any nation.

The flags captured by Admiral Dewey at Manila bay are in this auditorium, and some of them are exquisite. The one flown at the main of the Spanish cruiser Don Antoine de Ulloa is a reminder of the plucky captain of that cruiser. Enrique Robiou, who refused to surrender at the battle of Manila bay on May 1, 1898, so the Ulloa sank with its guns blazing defiance and all flags flying.—Boston Globe.

Imitation Damask.

Imitation damask is made today by means of printing upon the surface with a sort of transparent inking the designs. These designs appear to be woven into the cloth. By immersing a sample in boiling hot water and allowing it to boil for several minutes the design will disappear.—Washington Post.

Lost and Found.

"Why are ye likin' sae pleased w' yersel?" asked McQuilton.

"Weel, mon," replied Farquharson. "I dropped a sixpence in the market place, an' I couldn't find it."

"That's naught to be likin' sae gay about," said McQuilton.

"Aye, but ye dinna ken," explained Farquharson. "I found a shilling!"

Calling the Bluff.

"I can stay minutes under water." "I knew a fellow who stayed ten minutes."

"You're joking with me. How could he keep his breath?"

"He didn't. That's why he stayed so long."—Baltimore American.

Movable Locks.

Husband—And I thought that your crowning glory was your hair. Wife—Ain't you think that queens wore their crowns nights?—Town Topics.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifles with and endangers the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffine, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA, ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

S. P. MCKINNEY & SON, BEAVER DAM, KY.

DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE AND

Life and Farm Insurance!

District managers for the Mutual Benefit of Newark, N. J., one of the oldest Mutual Companies doing business in this State.

We have several farms, also some residence property in Beaver Dam and they can be had at reasonable prices and on liberal terms. If we do not have the particular farm you desire we will make efforts to get it for you.

When in need of Life or Farm Insurance call us over either phone—the Cumberland or Home, Office in rear of R. T. Taylor's drug store, Beaver Dam. Call on us.

A POSTAL BRINGS OUR PRICES

On good, heavy Galvanized and Painted Metal Roofing, Composition Rubber Roofing—several different grades; samples sent on request. Roof Paints, House Paints. We can interest you. We handle a general line of Building Material. Write to-day for our special delivered prices.

Fordsville Planing Mill Co.

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JAKE WILSON, Mgr.

FORDSVILLE, KY.

Fine Monumental Work

We have the largest, finest and best equipped Monumental Works in whole Western Kentucky.

Carving and Lettering with pneumatic tools.

An "up-to-the-minute" equipment for the Monumental work.

Thirty-seven years of honest business reputation and experience is the back of every Monument that is sold by us. Remember there is only one Geo. Mischel & Sons in Owensboro and that is on East Main Street, Owensboro, Ky.

Get our prices before placing orders elsewhere.

Geo. Mischel & Sons, Owensboro, Ky.

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KENTUCKY LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Hartford • Herald

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

BECKHAM'S WORDS
FULL OF WISDOMMakes a Strong Speech In
Behalf Of Wilson.

ADDRESSES LARGE AUDIENCE

Junior Senator Upholds Worth
and Effectiveness Of Pres-
ent Administration.

REVIEWS DEEDS OF HIS PARTY

Calhoun, Ky., Oct. 7.—Before one of the largest crowds that ever attended a political meeting here, United States Senator J. C. W. Beckham opened the Democratic campaign in McLean county to-day. His speech, in part, follows:

"No party ever came before the American people in a Presidential campaign with a better record or a stronger case than the Democratic party presents to the people in this campaign. Democrats confidently and unhesitatingly claim, and intelligent independent voters and many fair-minded Republicans admit that the administration of our Federal Government for the last three and a half years has never been excelled in the history of this country, in the wisdom of its conduct, in the number and importance of its far-reaching and beneficial legislative reforms, in the admirable and patriotic manner in which it has managed our relations with foreign countries under the most difficult and, at times, dangerous circumstances, and in its many splendid achievements for the advancement of the welfare and happiness of the great common people of our land. It has fully justified the faith of those voters who, by their suffrage, placed it in power nearly four years ago, and by its remarkable course in a momentous period in the world's history, it has won the unreserved approval of that large body of American citizens, who are independent in politics, who are not influenced by partisan prejudices, and who have grown so in numbers and strength in recent years that they can turn the tide of battle either way in a national election."

"We do not need to appeal to the testimony of Democrats to establish our case; we can prove it by presenting the opinions of some of the brightest minds among the independent Republican voters of the country. As a fair and striking example of the many instances of this kind, of tributes coming not from Democrats, but from impartial and patriotic leaders of other political affiliations, let me quote from the recent excellent statement of Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, whose sole interest in this election is the welfare of his country and the peace and prosperity of its people. In summing up his views he says:

"Anyone who surveys the extraordinary series of legislative and executive acts accomplished by the Democratic party in three years and a half will realize two things: First, that President Wilson has proved himself a party leader of unusual power, and secondly, that the party thus led has done much more for the country than the Republican party accomplished in the same as many years."

"On the whole, the independent voters are likely to act next November on two simple, well-grounded convictions: First, that the Democratic party has done such an extraordinary amount of good work during the present Administration that the period from 1912 to 1916 will be memorable in the history of the United States, and secondly, that the man chiefly responsible for this consummate service to the American people should be again made their chief servant."

"That statement is not from the heated imagination of a partisan politician, but it is the calm and deliberate judgment of one of America's most learned and ablest men, a wise observer of current history, a profound thinker, and a loyal American citizen. Many other eminent men of great ability and service, and equally impartial, have expressed the same opinions. Let me quote from one other:

"Henry Ford has been the most remarkable figure in the industrial world for some years. His extraordinary genius has established the largest and most successful manufacturing plant on earth. He has al-

ways been a Republican, and in the primaries in his State, Michigan, before the national Republican convention of last June the Republican voters of his State, by a substantial majority, gave him the instructions in that State for the Republican nomination for the Presidency, even when he was not a candidate, and was not seeking the nomination. Listen to what he says in the closing part of his recent public statement:

"The business of the United States to-day has a momentum that no man, or group of men, can stop. As for the tariff, which the Republicans insist must be revised to help save our prosperity after the war, I want to say that the tariff is nothing but a nothouse remedy.

"It may make business sprout for a little while, but it never can produce a hardy, permanent business plant.

"I'm a Republican, but I'm for Wilson. I'm a Republican for the same reason I have ears—I was born that way. But I'm for Wilson because I believe he can do more to enhance the prosperity and assure peace for this nation than any other candidate. Anyone who does not want peace, and who wants to gamble with prosperity should vote against him."

"I might quote Thomas A. Edison, Prof. Irving Fisher and many other leaders of thought, and men of genius and achievement, to the same purpose. But what is the use of adding to what I have already given? Are not the opinions of these men, impartial and uninfluenced by any selfish or partisan motives, worth more to the voters in making up their minds how to vote in the coming election, than the ill-tempered and warlike utterances of Col. Roosevelt, deeply disappointed in his uncontrollable ambition to again wield the big stick from the White House, or the childish and petulant attacks against the Democratic Administration made by Judge Hughes, the candidate without an issue?

"The sober and impartial judgment of a large majority of the intelligent and patriotic people of this country will pronounce the Wilson Administration to have been unparalleled and conspicuous in its successful conduct of the affairs of the nation. History will so write it, and posterity must command and praise it, because within these brief years of its existence so far we have come to a turning point in the world's history, and the hand that has guided us through such perilous experiences has kept us in the pathway of peace and safety and progress. Is it wise to take that hand from the helm before we have reached the end of the hard journey? Is it the custom of passengers on a ship, when a pilot has safely carried them through the storm and tempests of the sea, to throw him overboard and substitute in his place an untrained and inexperienced man for the place? Does the farmer, or the merchant, or the banker, discharge a faithful and efficient servant, just to give the place to some untried fellow, who happens to want the job? Do you know of any successful business concern that follows the practice of dismissing its manager, who has capably and satisfactorily conducted its business, simply to gratify the appetites of some hungry place-seeker?

"Then, what reason on earth can there be to displace Woodrow Wilson with Charles E. Hughes unless it be to satisfy, if possible, the inordinate greed for office of those back of the candidacy of Mr. Hughes? What principle do they represent? Their most resourceful leaders can point to none. What issue do they present? The most powerful political microscope has so far been unable to discover a single one."

"Col. Roosevelt upbids and

abuses the President because he did not take such action when the German armies invaded Belgium, or when the Lusitania was sunk by a German submarine, as would have inevitably involved us in war with Germany. He and Judge Hughes say that the President, in those cases, was a 'man of words and not of deeds.' They charge him with weakness and vacillation. And yet if their ideas had been adopted our country would now be involved in the European war.

"It is astounding that sane men of prominence and leadership, can announce such doctrines and seek to raise an issue for this campaign out of such a monstrous proposition. It illustrates the feebleness of the Republican cause, and reflects upon the intelligence of those who propose such an absurd issue. If we protest against the invasion of Belgium, as the Colonel says we should have done, Germany, of course, would have paid no attention to our protest, and if the warlike Colonel had been President, and was 'a man of deeds and not of words,' as he claims to be, he would have had to send an American army over there to aid in repelling the invasion."

"I might quote Thomas A. Edison, Prof. Irving Fisher and many other leaders of thought, and men of genius and achievement, to the same purpose. But what is the use of adding to what I have already given? Are not the opinions of these men, impartial and uninfluenced by any selfish or partisan motives, worth more to the voters in making up their minds how to vote in the coming election, than the ill-tempered and warlike utterances of Col. Roosevelt, deeply disappointed in his uncontrollable ambition to again wield the big stick from the White House, or the childish and petulant attacks against the Democratic Administration made by Judge Hughes, the candidate without an issue?

"The sober and impartial judgment of a large majority of the intelligent and patriotic people of this country will pronounce the Wilson Administration to have been unparalleled and conspicuous in its successful conduct of the affairs of the nation. History will so write it, and posterity must command and praise it, because within these brief years of its existence so far we have come to a turning point in the world's history, and the hand that has guided us through such perilous experiences has kept us in the pathway of peace and safety and progress. Is it wise to take that hand from the helm before we have reached the end of the hard journey? Is it the custom of passengers on a ship, when a pilot has safely carried them through the storm and tempests of the sea, to throw him overboard and substitute in his place an untrained and inexperienced man for the place? Does the farmer, or the merchant, or the banker, discharge a faithful and efficient servant, just to give the place to some untried fellow, who happens to want the job? Do you know of any successful business concern that follows the practice of dismissing its manager, who has capably and satisfactorily conducted its business, simply to gratify the appetites of some hungry place-seeker?

"Then, what reason on earth can there be to displace Woodrow Wilson with Charles E. Hughes unless it be to satisfy, if possible, the inordinate greed for office of those back of the candidacy of Mr. Hughes? What principle do they represent? Their most resourceful leaders can point to none. What issue do they present? The most powerful political microscope has so far been unable to discover a single one."

"Col. Roosevelt upbids and

OLATON.

Oct. 9.—The little frost we had frightened the women and they gathered all their greens and brought them to Olaton and sold them for 5c per gallon. A great many of our farmers cut their late corn when only in good roasting-ear form and owing to the warm weather, they will likely lose a great deal of it. Turnips, onions and cabbage are scarce.

Robert Arms and Joe Smith slaughtered a corn-fed beef Saturday. They paid 6 cents on foot and sold it out at 10 and 15 cents per pound. It was a fine beef.

Robert Arms, Misses Zella Lyons and Nancy Daniel went to Shrewsbury, Grayson county, yesterday. They went in Mr. Arms' automobile to visit Mr. Arms' mother.

Miss Kelly returned to her home at Chatham, Ill., last Friday, after a two-weeks visit with the Misses May, of this place.

The G. O. P. reminds me of an old hen with a brood of young chickens when rats get among them, clucking to rally her little chicks. They are doing a great deal of hard work to rally the Progressives. From the amount of speakings they are having a hard time to get them back. A great many will never return to the G. O. P. A burnt child dreads the fire.

There was a very good crowd out to hear the new preacher yesterday, but they were disappointed on account of his failure to get here. The Olaton Methodist church has been put on the Fordsville Circuit. The Sunday School was well attended.

Mr. Joe Barrett, who had been working in Indianapolis, Ind., for the past two or three months, has returned home.

Miss Effie Lynch, of Narrows, visited her mother here from Saturday until this morning.

Notice—Manager Wanted.

The Ohio County Farmers Mutual Telephone Company, Hartford Division, desires to employ a manager for the Hartford Exchange for two years, commencing with Nov. 1, 1916, and will receive sealed bids from applicants up to 1 o'clock p.m., Oct. 16, 1916. Bond with approved security will be required. Two rooms, light and water will be furnished successful applicant.

The Board of Directors reserves the right to reject any and all bids. For further information address the Secretary, Hartford, Ky.

S. E. BENNETT,
President Board Directors.

Attest:

S. L. KING, Sec'y.

CENTERTOWN.

Oct. 9.—Protracted meeting begins at the Baptist church this evening. The pastor, Rev. Willett, will be assisted by the Rev. S. P. Martin, of the Third Baptist church of Owensboro.

Mr. Roy Chapman left yesterday for Greenville, Miss., to accept a position with the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley R. R. Co.

Mesdames J.-W. Carter, Jr., Myrtle Hagerman and Eva James left this morning to be in attendance at the Grand Chapter O. E. S. which convenes at Dawson Springs, Ky.

Mr. J. W. Carter left yesterday for Louisville to be in attendance at the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

Messrs. John T. Rone, Lee Mason and son Byron made a trip to Owensboro to-day.

Next Sunday is Rally Day at the Methodist church for the Sunday School. Everybody invited to be present.

KENTUCKY DEMOCRATS
ARE TRUE TO THE FAITH

A representative of the Democratic Campaign Headquarters at Louisville made a trip through some of the mountain counties last week and found that while the Republicans were making strenuous efforts, with money and otherwise, they were making no inroads upon the Democratic ranks. In fact not a single man who had ever been a Democrat was found who would change his vote this time, but numbers of those who had "voted the Republican ticket" said they intended to vote under the rooster in November, which will take in the candidate for President and Vice President and the Democratic nominee for Congress. They are enthusiastic over Wilson for his great accomplishments and especially are they grateful to him for having kept the country out of war and by wise and timely legislation procured from a patriotic Congress continuous peace and brought prosperity and plenty to the country. If the Democrats in the other parts of the State give as good an account of themselves as will the true-blues of the hills, the majority for Wilson and Marshall will roll up into many thousands.

For classy job printing—The Herald

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKINGS.

SENATOR

OLIE M. JAMES

Will Speak at Hartford on the Afternoon of

Thursday, Oct. 19

Beginning about 1:00 o'clock.

Don't Fail To Hear Him

It Will Be a Great Rally Day!

CONGRESSMAN

BEN JOHNSON

Will speak at

Horse Branch

ON

Saturday, October 14, 1916

At 12:30 p. m. and at

Centertown, Ky., at Night,

Same Date.

Hon. J. W. Newman

Ex-Commissioner of Agriculture,
will speak at

HARTFORD, KY.

ON

Monday, October 16, 1916,

At 1:30 O'clock.

Let everybody come out and hear these very able speakers discuss the issues of the campaign.

A. C. PORTER, Cam. Ch'm'n,

OWENSBORO and HICKORY

WAGONS

sold by the Dundee Mercantile Co.

We bought these wagons at a time when the prices were right, therefore we are prepared to save money for our customers on wagons.

Come in now and get our prices on what you want.

DUNDEE MERCANTILE CO.,

Incorporated

DUNDEE, KY.

JOB PRINTING

The kind that makes you look good in the eyes of the wholesale dealer and the city merchant that makes your neighbors proud of you, increases respect and sets you right in the minds of all people; this kind is

NEATLY DONE

And promptly delivered by the HARTFORD HERALD. Every body in any kind of business needs Printed Stationery—Note Heads, Cards, Envelopes, Statements, Etc.—nowadays. Prices the lowest; work the best. Call or write us.

The HERALD, Hartford, Ky.

There is a Real Difference

Cream of tartar, derived from grapes, is used in Royal Baking Powder because it is the best and most healthful ingredient known for the purpose.

Phosphate and alum, which are derived from mineral sources, are used in some baking powders, instead of cream of tartar, because they are cheaper.

If you have been induced to use baking powders made from alum or phosphate, use Royal Baking Powder instead. You will be pleased with the results and the difference in the quality of the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York